

BUILDING NAMES

NOTE: Also See: Dormitories folder (1874-1980) for brochure entitled, Halls of Honor. It gives bio. on the person for whom the dorm was named. ca. 1969 for publication of brochure!

From: Thompson Papers 3/2/30

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PRESIDENT'S OFFICE

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COLLEGE OF MEDICINE  
OFFICE OF THE DEAN  
E. F. MCGAMPBELL, PH.D., M.D.

THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY  
W. O. THOMPSON, PRESIDENT

*Naming of Buildings*

COLUMBUS

*Received 10/10/22*

OCTOBER  
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President W.O. Thompson  
Ohio State University  
Columbus, Ohio

My dear Mr. President:

You will recall that some time ago we discussed the proposition of certain appropriate names to be applied to the new medical buildings, the idea being to do honor to certain individuals who have stood for the best there is in medical education in Central Ohio, with special reference to the three immediate antecedent schools of the College of Medicine, Ohio State University.

Since talking to you about this matter I have given some consideration to this question and am now prepared to submit the following recommendations. Informal inquiry of the members of the family of the individuals referred to below has been made and I find that all would deem it a great honor if the designations referred to are approved by yourself and the Board of Trustees.

- (1) The new medical science building to be designated as HAMILTON HALL in honor of Dr. John Hamilton, for many years Professor of Surgery in the Columbus Medical College and one of the co-founders of Mt. Carmel Hospital this city.
- (2) The new building now designated as The Research Building to be known as KINSMAN HALL in honor of Dr. David N. Kinsman, for many years Professor of Practice of Medicine in the Ohio Medical University and one of the few men in Central Ohio of his day and generation who stood for the highest ideals in medical education as well as for active research in this field.
- (3) I am aware that the Board of Trustees informally considered the proposition of naming the new University Hospital the LYNE STARLING UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL. Our Faculty have discussed this proposition and while, of course, no formal action has been taken, it is our opinion that if possible the hospital should be designated as the STARLING LOVING UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL. The

10/6/22

President W.O. Thompson

name of Dr. Starling Loving is almost synonymous with Starling Medical College. For many years Dr. Loving was Professor of Medicine in this college. It will be recalled further that he was named for Lyne Starling, the founder of Starling Medical College and St. Francis Hospital. In using the name above referred to we do honor not alone to Lyne Starling but also to Dr. Loving and to Starling Medical College.

The designations above referred to, in my opinion, show proper honor to the three colleges of medicine, a combination of which we now find in the College of Medicine of the University.

Very truly yours,

  
Dean, College of Medicine

EPM  
MR

# History of University Buildings Reflects Growth of Institution

LANTERN 3-19-26

When Ohio State University opened its doors to students on September 17, 1873, it was called the Agricultural and Mechanical College Building, now known as University Hall, was the only building, but it provided ample space for classrooms in addition to living quarters for students from "abroad."

If some of the older buildings of the present campus could speak they would have interesting tales to tell. Since University Hall is the oldest it has naturally had the most varied career. In the beginning there were two entrances in the front in addition to the main middle one. These connected with the side stairs, which are still in use. Later these two entrances were closed and part of the steps were used up recently as benches in the Holland

## Chapel Small

The Chapel was very small with its seats facing south in a semi-circle around a platform between the two doors. On the second floor above the Chapel was the Geologic Museum. Chapel services were compulsory on all school days. Not until the year 1897 was the Chapel enlarged to its present size.

The building even served as a dormitory for a time. The teachers, professors of chemistry, mathematics, Latin and Greek had rooms on the third floor, while the professor of physics with his wife and a six-year-old son lived in rooms over the present Arts College offices.

Students living in the near vicinity came to school in buggies or on horseback, having parking troubles because there were no shelter roofs. About fifteen or twenty students who came from "abroad" lived in the basement of College Building in small rooms divided off by means of muslin partitions. "College Commons," the dining room, was located in the basement also, in the east wing. Later a dormitory was built on the site where Hamilton Hall now stands.

## Poor Lighting

There were no gas or electric lights. Lamps were used for illumination, and for experiments in physics gas was brought from the city on the back of some student in a rubber bag holding a capacity of six or eight cubic feet. The physics department was in the west end of the first floor with the laboratory in the basement.

The Library had its first home in what is now the girls' gab room. The two large end rooms on the fourth floor were not in use at first, but later became the meeting rooms for two rival literary societies named Alcyone and Horton.

The Ohio Meteorological Bureau for distributing weather reports, which were a new thing at the time, was established in the west basement in 1883, while in 1885 the east wing basement was devoted to a veterinary museum.

The President's office was in the outer room of the present Arts College office. Registration of students was taken care of here, usually by a senior student. Fees were paid at the Treasurer's office downtown until about 1895.

## Fire in U. Hall

One morning in the winter of 1918, when a heavy snow was on the ground, a fire broke out on the roof just below the clock tower. The building was little damaged by the fire, but the water soaking proved costly.

Many of the departments of the University have at some time been located in University Hall, but with the construction of new buildings most of them have been moved.

The Manual Training Building, now Hayes Hall, which was completed in 1893, has also an interesting history. From carpenter shops and foundries to fine arts studios and Romance languages classrooms has been a striking change. What is now the "alley" on the second floor running north and south, was once a large carpenter shop with overhead belts and pulleys. This room was used on several occasions for commencement dinners.

At the east end of the first floor was a large room assigned to no particular use except for various social gatherings in the evenings. The entire student body could be accommodated here. In 1897 the department of domestic science was established in this room. Foundry shop rooms were located in the north wing on the first floor until the opening of Robinson Hall.

## Law School Starts

The Law School and its library were given quarters in Hayes Hall in September, 1894, but because of danger from fire they were moved during the winter to Orton Hall. The Law Library was added temporarily to the University Library,

which was at that time in the east room of Orton Hall. Here it remained until 1903, when Page Hall was ready for use. The political science and history of education departments have also been inhabitants of this Manual Training Building. In the fall of 1917 the carpenter shop was given over to barracks and a part of the building is still used by the military department.

The Student Health Service originated about ten years ago in the small office to the left of the entrance to Hayes Hall with one doctor in charge. Now it has an entire suite of rooms, two doctors, a nurse, and a secretary.

In 1879 a small building was erected north of the west end of University Hall, where a street is cut through now. This was a mechanical laboratory for a while, but later was used by the English department. In 1913 this building burned down and in 1914 the east wing of the Physics Building was completed for the English department. The rest of the Physics Building had been constructed in 1904.

## First Chemistry Building

The first Chemistry Building was erected on the site of Brown Hall in 1882. It was completely destroyed by fire, supposed to have been due to spontaneous combustion, on February 12, 1889. The second was built on the present site in 1891, but on February 19, 1904, it was also destroyed by fire. The present building was built in 1905. In 1895 the Dairy School was opened in the second building.

Orton Hall is another of the older buildings that has had a variety of interests. Although built primarily for the geology department it was the birthplace of the first college department of ceramics in the United States, which was established in 1894.

## Ceramics

The laboratory and classrooms were in the basement and a small building for kilns was to the southwest of the main building. The department was moved to its present home, Lord Hall, in 1904-1905.

The Library was located in Orton Hall for a time, as was also the Law Library and the Law School. After the present Library was completed the Woman's Union was given the east room. During the war the room was used by the School for Aviators. After the war it was tak-

en over by the Geological Museum, but in 1923 it was set aside for the Orton Memorial Library. The Bureau of Educational Research was once located on the balcony of the Museum, but it now has rooms in the basement pending a move in the near future to the new Education Building.

The brass name plates placed on the buildings about 1908 are almost completely misleading. To read that domestic science is in Hayes Hall and that Women's Union is in Orton Hall is ridiculous, but so sayeth these signs. It is thought that these signs will be brought up to date during the next summer, so that strangers will be able to survey the campus according to 1926 rather than 1908.

BUILDINGS ON THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY CAMPUS IN THE YEARS 1913,

B - BURNED      D - DEMOLISHED      R - RENAMED

1913

1923

University Hall  
 South Dorm (Converted into old Homeopathic  
 Medicine Hospital)  
 Botanical Building  
 Horticultural Hall (D - 1914)  
 English Recitation Building (B - 1914)  
 Hayes Hall  
 Orton Hall  
 Townshend Hall  
 Armory  
 Biological Building  
 McMillen Observatory  
 Brown Hall  
 Page Hall  
 Veterinary Laboratory  
 Physics Building  
 Chemistry Building  
 Mines Building (Renamed)  
 Robinson Laboratories  
 Horse Building (Expanded and R)  
 Implement Barn  
 Cattle Building  
 Judging Pavilion  
 Oxley Hall  
 Veterinary Clinic  
 Archeological Museum  
 W.O. Thompson Library  
 Old Ohio Union  
 General Engineering Building (Remodeled into)  
 Old President's Residence  
 Athletic House  
 House near Observatory (Used by Dr. Lord)

Ibid  
 (Converted to) Nurses Home (D - 1924)  
  
 Ibid (D-1940)  
 Horticultural Building  
  
 Ibid  
 Ibid  
 Ibid  
 Ibid  
 Ibid (D - 1924)  
 Ibid  
 Ibid  
 Ibid  
 Ibid  
 Ibid (R)  
 Ibid (Converted into)  
 Lord Hall  
 Ibid  
 Ives Hall  
 Ibid  
 Ibid  
 Ibid  
 Ibid  
 Ibid  
 Ibid  
 Ibid  
 Ibid  
 Ibid  
 Ibid  
 Ibid  
 Ibid  
 Ibid  
 Ibid  
 Ibid  
 Ibid  
 Ibid  
 Ibid (Moved to 11th Avenue and used by Carl Steeb)

BUILDINGS ON THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY CAMPUS IN THE YEARS 1913, 1923, and 1948 (continued)

- BURNED    D - DEMOLISHED    R - RENAMED

<u>1913</u>	<u>1923</u>	
Arm House (West of Neil Avenue)	Ibid	I
Old Power Plant (2 Buildings) (Used as)	Service Building (Remodeled into)	I
residences on 11th Avenue (Townshend)	Ibid	I
(Eggert)	Ibid (R)	R
Botany and Zoology Building	Ibid	I
	Artillery House Stables	I
	Campbell Hall	I
	Pomerene Hall	I
	Mack Hall	I
	Starling-Loving Hospital	I
	Animal Research Building (R)	R
	McCracken Power Plant	I
	Ohio Stadium	I
	Machinery Laboratory (R)	R
	Shops Building (R)	R
	Barracks Group (D - 1931)	
	Isolation Hospital (R)	R
	New Chemistry Building (Expanded and R)	R
	Poultry Buildings (3) (D - 1925)	
	Beef Cattle Barn	I
	Hog Barn	I
	Dairy Barn	I
	Sheep Barn	I
	Horse Barn	I

INGS ON THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY CAMPUS IN THE YEARS 1913, 1923, and 1948 (continued)

URNED D -- DEMOLISHED R - RENAMED

- Baker
- Canfi
- Home 1
- Journ
- Cyclo
- Fine .
- New P
- Admin
- Plumb
- Women
- Pump :
- Arps :
- Natata
- Physi
- Neil :
- Hamil
- Unive
- Socia
- Pharm
- Poult
- New S
- Engin
  
- Agric
- Milit
- Anten
- Colle
- Music
- 12th .
- Medic
- Denta
- River
- Alumn
- Resid
- Resea
- Resea
- Betat



April 6

April 6, 1962 meeting, Board of Trustees

GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS (continued)

B. Revision of Rule 21.09 of Rules for the University Faculty

On March 13, 1962 the Faculty Council recommended that Rule 21.09, Speakers Rule, of Rules for the University Faculty, be amended by deleting Section 2 and inserting in place thereof the following:

Section 2. Officially recognized student organizations shall be entitled to issue invitations to guest speakers, subject to the prior written approval of the Faculty or Staff adviser. (See Rule 53.01.) In assuming sole responsibility for such invitations, the adviser need not personally desire the speaker but must be satisfied that the organization is acting in good faith and that an invitation would serve the best and overall interests of the University (as described in Section 1 of this Rule).

It is therefore recommended that this action of the Faculty Council be approved.

Upon motion of Mr. Rairdon, seconded by Mr. Allyn, the above recommendation was unanimously approved by roll call vote.

C. Naming of Student Housing Units North of Campus

Upon the proposal of Mr. Frederick Stecker, Executive Director, University Relations, after consultation with appropriate administrative officers of the University, it is recommended that the nine low-rise student housing units that are to be erected in the complex north of the campus be named in memory of former students who are representative of the University's honored war dead. The student housing units to be named are identified as follows:

- Student Housing Unit One "Barrett House"  
In memory of Thomas W. Barrett, Agr. w'19
- Student Housing Unit Two "Halloran House"  
In memory of William I. Halloran, B.Sc. in Journalism '38
- Student Housing Unit Three "Blackburn House"  
In memory of John T. Blackburn, Com. w'42
- Student Housing Unit Four "Haverfield House"  
In memory of James W. Haverfield, B.A. '39
- Student Housing Unit Five "Norton House"  
In memory of Fred W. Norton, Jr., B.Sc. in Forestry '17
- Student Housing Unit Six "Scott House"  
In memory of Robert R. Scott, Arts w'41

April 6, 1962 meeting, Board of Trustees

I. GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS (continued)

C. Naming of Student Housing Units North of Campus (continued)

Student Housing Unit Seven "Houck House"  
In memory of Edwin R. Houck, B.Sc. in Business Administration '38  
and Ernest C. Houck, B.E.M. '38

Student Housing Unit Eight "Nosker House"  
In memory of William C. Nosker, B.Sc. in Agriculture '42

Student Housing Unit Nine "Archer House"  
In memory of John F. Archer, Com. w'45

It is further proposed that the Central Dining Hall in this complex be named "Royer Commons" in memory of the late Ray M. Royer, who spent forty eight years in the service of the University. He became the University's first purchasing agent in 1908 and served in this capacity until his retirement in 1950.

These proposals have the concurrence of the President's Cabinet and are in accordance with the By-Laws of the Board of Trustees. They are hereby recommended for your approval.

Upon motion of Mr. Patton, seconded by Mr. Rairdon, the Board of Trustees by unanimous roll call vote approved the naming of the student housing units indicated above.

D. Establishment of University Treasurer General Fund

Certain statutes were enacted by the 104th General Assembly that make it proper for the University to establish a University Treasurer General Fund for the receipt of repayments on self-liquidating projects and such other payments to the University as come properly within such a fund.

It is therefore recommended that the University General Fund be established in the University Treasurer Account.

Upon motion of Mr. Ketner, seconded by Mr. Allyn, the above recommendation was unanimously approved by roll call vote.

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II. PERSONNEL CHANGES

It is recommended that all personnel changes since the March 15, 1962 meeting of this Board, as recorded in the official "Salary Roll" of the University, be approved by the Board. These changes include the following Change in Title and Transfer and Leaves of Absence Without Salary:

BUILDING NAMES AT OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY

A number of buildings, streets and an athletic field on the Ohio State University campus serve as memorials to former students, faculty members, administrative officials, trustees, alumni, benefactors and other persons, most of whom were closely associated with the development of the university at some time since its founding in 1870.

The by-laws of the university's Board of Trustees now contain the provision that "buildings and structures shall not be named after living persons." This practice was not followed in a few instances in the early history of the university.

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Building names include:

ARCHER HOUSE--This four-story dormitory is among a group of residence halls named in honor of university veterans who lost their lives in wartime. It serves as a memorial to John F. Archer of Columbus and Gallipolis Ferry, W. Va., killed in 1950, the first Ohio State man to lose his life in the Korean conflict.

ARPS HALL--Named in memory of Prof. George F. Arps, late dean of the College of Education and later the Graduate School, Arps Hall was constructed in 1925 and enlarged in 1958. It houses the College and School of Education.

BAKER HALL--The dormitory was built in 1940 and named for Newton D. Baker, of Cleveland, former member of the university's Board of Trustees and U. S. Secretary of War. A west wing was added in 1957.

BARRETT HOUSE--The residence hall was named in memory of Thomas W. Barrett of Mentor, O., first Ohio State man to give his life in World War I. He was killed in 1917 in a plane crash in France. The dormitory was completed in 1963.

BLACKBURN HOUSE--This dormitory was named in honor of John T. Blackburn of Columbus, one of four Ohio State men who died in the attack on Pearl Harbor on Dec. 7, 1941.

BOYD LABORATORY--This building at 155 W. Woodruff Ave., housing the department of engineering mechanics, was named in honor of James Ellsworth Boyd, department chairman for 30 years, who died in 1950. A former State Highway Department Laboratory adjoining the Engineering Experiment Station, the area was remodeled in 1964-65.

(MORE)

BRADFORD COMMONS--This student dining facility at 153 W. 12th Ave. is named in honor of the late Joseph N. Bradford, who joined the faculty in 1885 and became Ohio State's first university architect. He designed and supervised the construction of some 52 campus buildings, and died in 1943.

BRADLEY HALL--The women's residence hall was completed in 1954 and named for the late Carolyn Bradley, professor of fine arts who died that year. Known as an "ambassador of goodwill," she had been a visiting professor at several Latin American universities.

BROWN HALL--Containing three engineering departments, Brown Hall was erected in 1903 and named in honor of Christopher Newton Brown, one-time dean of the College of Engineering and for 20 years professor of civil engineering.

BROWNING THEATER--The open air theater, dedicated in 1926, was named for the now defunct Browning Dramatic Society. Constructed with funds provided by campus societies and alumni, the amphitheater represented the fulfillment of a dream for the society, which developed out of the Browning Literary Society in 1912. The society took its name from Poet Elizabeth Barrett Browning.

CALDWELL LABORATORY--Built in 1949, the electrical engineering building was enlarged in 1958 and named Caldwell Laboratory in memory of Prof. Frank C. Caldwell, first chairman of the electrical engineering department. He served as department chairman from 1897 until 1930.

CAMPBELL HALL--The home economics building was constructed in 1917 and named in honor of the late Elizabeth Campbell, wife of former Ohio Gov. James E. Campbell. A major addition was completed in 1962.

CANFIELD HALL--Built in 1940, the women's dormitory was named in honor of former President and Mrs. James H. Canfield. The fourth president of the university, President Canfield initiated courses in journalism at Ohio State and founded the Summer School during his administration, 1895 to 1899. He died in 1909.

DAVISSON-HANLEY ALUMNAE SCHOLARSHIP HOUSE--Located off the campus at 195 E. 16th Ave., the house was named for the mothers of Mr. and Mrs. Stanley M. Hanley of Columbus, who gave the residence to the university in 1954.

DENNEY HALL--Housing the Arts College and English department, Denney Hall was completed in 1960. The five-story building was named in memory of the late Joseph Villiers Denney, English department chairman and dean of the College of Arts and Sciences.

NEVER BUILT  
DENNIS HOUSE--The four-story dormitory was named in honor of James W. Dennis of Ashley, O., a 1937 graduate killed in a plane crash in 1945 while serving in the Army Air Corps. As a student he was president of the senior class and headed several other organizations. The building is part of the university's north dormitory complex.

Buildings - 3

DERBY HALL--Dating back to 1905, Darby Hall grew out of what formerly was a chemistry building. The structure was enlarged by addition of the north wing and the third floor. It was named in honor of Samuel C. Derby, first dean of the College of Arts and Sciences, and chairman of the Latin department. He died in 1921.

DODD HALL--Formerly known as the Ohio Rehabilitation Center, the building at 472 W. Eighth Ave., honors the memory of the late Dr. Verne A. Dodd, former chairman of the department of surgery in the College of Medicine and chief of staff at University Hospital. He died in 1957. The building, completed in 1961, was renamed in 1963.

DRACKETT TOWER--A 12-story dormitory at 164 West Frambes Ave., this structure was named in honor of the late Harry R. Drackett of Cincinnati, prominent in alumni affairs, who died in 1948.

EVANS LABORATORY--Completed in 1960, the William Lloyd Evans Laboratory of Chemistry was named in honor of the late professor of chemistry who taught at Ohio State for 38 years and was chairman of chemistry for 13. He died in 1954.

FRENCH FIELD HOUSE--Adjoining St. John Arena, French Field House was completed in 1956 as a sports practice area. It was named for Dr. Thomas E. French, long-time member of the university's Athletic Board and chairman of the engineering drawing department. Known as the father of the "stadium idea," he died in 1944.

GOSS LABORATORY--The veterinary pathology building, completed in 1962, was named in memory of the late Prof. Leonard W. Goss, chairman of veterinary pathology from 1920-47. He died in 1958.

HAGERTY HALL--Built as the commerce building in 1924 and enlarged in 1950, Hagerty Hall was named in honor of the late Prof. James E. Hagerty, first dean of what was once known as the College of Commerce and Journalism.

HALLORAN HOUSE--This residence hall serves as a memorial to Ohio State graduate William I. Halloran of Cleveland, a Navy ensign killed when the USS Arizona was attacked at Pearl Harbor. It was completed in 1963.

HAMILTON HALL--Dr. J<sup>W</sup>. Hamilton, for whom Hamilton Hall was named, was a noted physician and head of the old Columbus Medical College. The building was constructed in 1925 to house the university's College of Medicine and the College of Dentistry.

HAVERFIELD HOUSE--This dormitory honors the memory of James W. Haverfield of Uhrichsville, O., an alumnus of the university who died aboard the USS Arizona in the Pearl Harbor attack. It was completed in 1963.

HAYES HALL--The university's original manual training and shops building, completed in 1893, was named for Rutherford B. Hayes, 19th president of the United States, who served as a member of the university's Board of Trustees from 1878 until his death in 1893.

(MORE)

## Buildings - 4

HITCHCOCK HALL--This engineering classroom and laboratories building was named in memory of the late Prof. Embury Asbury Hitchcock, dean of the College of Engineering from 1920-1936. He died in 1948. The building was constructed as an addition to the Civil and Aeronautical Engineering Building.

HOUCK HOUSE--The four-story dormitory was named in memory of Edwin R. Houck and Ernest C. Houck, brothers, of Osborn (now Fairborn), both killed during World War II.

HUGHES HALL--The university's School of Music is housed in Hughes Hall, named for the late Prof. Royal D. Hughes. He was the first chairman of the music department, founded in 1925. The building was completed in 1948.

IVES HALL--Named in memory of Prof. Frederick W. Ives, killed in a 1924 railway accident, the agricultural engineering building was completed in 1907 when the old horse barn and the old implement barn were remodeled and joined together.

JONES GRADUATE TOWER--One of three high-rise residence halls in the north dormitory complex, this building honors the memory of the late Prof. Lawrence D. Jones, an engineering faculty member for 37 years before his death in 1961. He served also as secretary of the University Faculty and Faculty Council.

KINSMAN HALL--The Board of Trustees named this former medical research building in honor of Dr. D. N. Kinsman, a Columbus physician widely known throughout Ohio. The building was completed in 1923 and was razed in 1963. It stood at 374 W. 10th Ave.

GEORGE WELLS KNIGHT INTERNATIONAL HOUSE FOR MEN--The residence for international students at the university was named in memory of the late George Wells Knight, professor emeritus and chairman of the history department. The residence was deeded to the university in 1949 by First Congregational Church, Columbus. The building originally was Professor Knight's home.

LINCOLN TOWER--One of two 24-story residence halls on the east bank of the Olentangy River, near Ohio Stadium, the structure was named Abraham Lincoln Tower in memory of the president who signed the Land Grant College bill in 1862, providing for grants of public lands which financed establishment of many colleges, including Ohio State. The building has a capacity of 1,920 students.

LORD HALL--Constructed in 1906 and known originally as the mines building, Lord Hall was named for Nathaniel Wright Lord, professor of metallurgy and mineralogy for 33 years, first director of the former School of Mines and first dean of the College of Engineering.

MACK HALL--The women's dormitory was completed in 1923 and named in memory of the late John T. Mack of Sandusky, a university trustee for 21 years.

(MORE)

Buildings - 5

MacQUIGG LABORATORY--A materials engineering and science building, this laboratory on W. Woodruff Ave. was named in memory of the late Charles E. MacQuigg, Engineering dean from 1937 until his death in 1952.

McCRACKEN POWER PLANT--The university's power plant was named in 1960 in memory of the late William C. McCracken, who retired in 1946 as chief engineer and superintendent of buildings and grounds after 60 years of university service. He died in 1959 at the age of 96.

McMILLIN OBSERVATORY--The university observatory was named for Emerson McMillin, New York financier and Gallia County (Ohio) native, who donated \$15,000 for its construction and equipment. It was completed in 1895.

McPHERSON CHEMICAL LABORATORY--This building was erected in 1924 and has had several additions. It was later named for William McPherson, who served as chairman of the chemistry department, dean of the Graduate School, and acting president of the university. He died in 1951.

MENDENHALL LABORATORY--Thomas C. Mendenhall was the first professor of physics and mechanics at Ohio State University. When the laboratory's first unit was completed in 1905, it was named for him. He died in 1924.

MERSHON AUDITORIUM--The 3,000-seat auditorium, completed in 1957, was named in honor of the late Col. Ralph D. Mershon, 1890 graduate of Ohio State. When he died in 1952, Col. Mershon named his alma mater the principal beneficiary in his will.

MORRILL TOWER--The 24-story residence hall near Ohio Stadium bears the name of Justin S. Morrill Tower, honoring the Vermont representative who played a leading role in congressional passage of the Land Grant College bill, signed in 1862, which led to establishment of Ohio State and many other colleges. The tower has a capacity of 1,920 students.

MORRISON TOWER--A dormitory housing some 500 women, this building was named in memory of Mary Frank Morrison, a native of Wheeling, W. Va., who was Ohio State's first woman graduate. She was a member of the university's second graduating class in 1879. The residence was completed in 1962.

NEIL HALL--Built by private interests, the woman's dormitory was named in honor of a well known Columbus family. The building was leased by Ohio State for use as a dormitory from 1928 until its purchase in 1943.

NORTH COMMONS--The dormitory dining facility at 136 W. Frambes Ave. was named in memory of the late William A. North, campus police officer and a familiar Ohio State figure for more than half a century. He died in 1962. The facility serves some 1,730 students in the university's north dormitory complex.

(MORE)

## Buildings - 6

NORTON HOUSE--This residence hall was named as a memorial to Fred W. Norton, Jr., of Marblehead, O., and Columbus, who was killed in action in France in 1918. The building was completed in 1963.

NOSKER HOUSE--A residence hall, this building was named in honor of William C. Nosker of Columbus, a pilot killed in Italy in 1944.

ORTON HALL--Famed for its belfry, the geology building was completed in 1893 and named in memory of the university's first president, Dr. Edward Orton, professor of geology. When University Hall was the only classroom structure on the campus, a log cabin which housed the janitor stood on the present site of Orton Hall.

OXLEY HALL--Erected in 1908, the women's dormitory was named for Mrs. Agnes Miranda Oxley Thompson, mother of the university's fifth president, William Oxley Thompson.

PAGE HALL--The building was named in honor of Henry F. Page, of Circleville, O. Although not previously connected with the university, Page willed his entire estate to the university when he died in 1891. Page Hall was completed in 1902. It formerly housed the College of Law.

PARK HALL--The 11-story men's dormitory, completed in 1959, honors the university's first dean of men, Joseph A. Park, who died in 1952 after 25 years as dean.

PATERSON HALL--Dedicated in May, 1955, this women's dormitory was named in memory of the late Alma Wacker Paterson. She was a 1904 graduate of Ohio State and the first woman to serve on the university Board of Trustees. She died in 1947.

PLUMB HALL--This building was named for Prof. Charles S. Plumb, who resigned in 1920 after 18 years as animal husbandry department chairman. The original building was completed in 1925.

POMERENE HALL--Construction of this building began in 1921. Subsequent additions were made to complete original plans. The building was named in honor of Frank E. Pomerene, alumnus and a university trustee until his death in 1919.

MARY POMERENE ALUMNAE SCHOLARSHIP HOUSE--Purchased by the Alumni Association in 1945, the building was named for Mrs. Mary Pomerene of Coshocton, whose gift made the acquisition possible. The scholarship house, located off the main campus at 201 E. 16th Ave., was transferred to the university in 1957.

RANEY COMMONS--With a capacity of 1,800 students, this dining facility in the university's north dormitory complex honors the late 2nd Lt. Alice R. Raney of Eaton, O., an Ohio State graduate who died in 1944 while serving in the Army Nurse Corps during World War II. She is believed to be the first Ohio State alumna to lose her life in the service of the United States.

(MORE)

## Buildings - 7

ROBINSON LABORATORY--Housing the mechanical engineering department, this building was named in honor of the late S. W. Robinson, professor emeritus of mechanical engineering. It was completed in 1908 and extensively remodeled in 1960-61.

ROYER COMMONS--A dining facility at the north side of the campus, the building was named in memory of the late Ray M. Royer, who served the university for 48 years. Ohio State's first purchasing agent, he died in 1957. The building was completed in 1963.

ST. JOHN ARENA--The first basketball game was played in the Arena on Dec. 1, 1956, between the Buckeyes and the Butler University team. The 13,897-seat arena was named in memory of the late Lynn W. St. John, athletic director, in commemoration of his "outstanding service to the university." He died in 1950.

SCOTT HOUSE--This dormitory was named for Robert R. Scott of Massillon, O., who lost his life at Pearl Harbor. He was the first Ohio State man to receive the Congressional Medal of Honor, the nation's highest honor, awarded posthumously for heroism during the attack. The building was completed in 1963.

SIEBERT HALL--The 11-story women's residence hall opened in 1957. In September, 1958, it was named in memory of the late Annie Ware Sabine Siebert, wife of Dr. Wilbur H. Siebert, late professor emeritus of history. Mrs. Siebert received the first master of arts degree awarded by the university.

SISSON HALL--Completed in 1956, the veterinary medicine building was named for Dr. Septimus Sisson, professor of comparative anatomy in the College of Veterinary Medicine until shortly before his death in 1924.

SMITH HALL--The men's dormitory bears the name of Howard Dwight Smith, university architect from 1929 until his retirement in 1956, and designer of more than 30 university buildings, including Ohio Stadium. The building was completed in 1959. Professor Smith died in April, 1958.

STARLING LOVING HALL--This building, first unit of which was completed in 1916, was named in 1923 in honor of Dr. Starling Loving, for years dean of the Starling Medical College, a forerunner of the present College of Medicine, and his uncle, Lyne Starling, who gave \$30,000 to establish what later became Starling Medical College. The building served as University Hospital until 1951.

STEEB HALL--The 11-story dormitory was named in 1958, in memory of Carl E. Steeb, long-time business manager of the university and secretary of its board of trustees from 1904 until his death in May, 1958. It was completed in 1960.

STILLMAN HALL--Home of the university's School of Social Work, Stillman Hall was named for the late Charles C. Stillman, distinguished professor of social administration and director of the school. The building was completed in 1939.

(MORE)



## Buildings - 8

STRADLEY HALL--This men's dormitory was completed in 1959. It memorializes Dr. Bland L. Stradley, dean of the College of Arts and Sciences from 1937 to 1944 when he was named vice president of student relations. He died in 1957.

WILLIAM OXLEY THOMPSON MEMORIAL LIBRARY--The library was named for the fifth president of the university, William Oxley Thompson, a native of Cambridge, O. Built in 1911 at a cost of \$250,000, the original building was brought to its present form later with the addition of the tower and two wings.

TAYLOR TOWER--A 12-story residence hall planned for the north dormitory complex, this building was named for the late Jacob B. Taylor, former vice president and treasurer of the university, who died in 1962.

TOWNSHEND HALL--Formerly an agricultural building, Townshend Hall was built in 1898. It was named in honor of Dr. Norton Strange Townshend, one of the founders of the university and its first professor of agriculture, who died in 1895.

UPHAM HALL--The building at 473 W. 12th Ave., completed in 1951 and enlarged in 1964, formerly was known as the Columbus Psychiatric Institute and Hospital. It was renamed in 1963 in memory of the late Dean John H. J. Upham of the College of Medicine, who died in 1960. The building originally was administered by the Ohio Department of Mental Hygiene and Correction but was transferred to the university in 1961.

VIVIAN HALL--The agricultural laboratories building was named in memory of the late Dean Alfred Vivian who headed the College of Agriculture from 1915 to 1932. The building was completed in 1951.

GRACE GRAHAM WALKER HOUSE--The university home management house was named for the late Mrs. Grace Graham Walker, who served as professor of home management in the School of Home Economics from 1913 till 1931. The building was completed in 1931 and dedicated in honor of Mrs. Walker the following year.

WATTS HALL--This building at 2041 N. College Rd. serves as a memorial to the late Arthur S. Watts, professor and chairman of the ceramic engineering department for 31 years before his retirement in 1946. He died in 1963. Before remodeling, the structure had housed the Chemical Abstracts Service.

WISEMAN HALL--The laboratory at 400 W. 12th Ave., was renamed in 1963 in honor of the late Dr. Bruce K. Wiseman, former chairman of the department of medicine, who died in 1960. Completed in 1960, the building formerly was known as the Health Center Research Laboratories.

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(MORE)

## Buildings and streets - 9

Several campus streets bear the names of persons. They are:

**BOHANNAN RD.** -- A two-block-long street running along the west side of the Administration Building and Brown Hall from North Oval Dr. to W. 18th Ave., Bohannan Rd. was named for Prof. Rosser D. Bohannan, who died in June, 1926. He came to Ohio State from the University of Virginia in 1887 and served as professor and chairman of the mathematics department for 40 years.

**CANNON DR.** -- The north-south street west of Ohio Stadium and Lincoln and Morrill Towers honors the late State Representative Reuben P. Cannon of Aurora, O. In 1870, he introduced into the Ohio House of Representatives the bill which created the Ohio Agricultural and Mechanical College, later renamed The Ohio State University.

**COFFEY RD.** -- The west campus street was named for Joel S. Coffey, professor of animal husbandry, who joined the faculty in 1914. He died in November, 1951. Coffey Rd. runs between Kinnear Rd. and Stadium Dr., paralleling the Olentangy River Rd. to the west.

**CURL DR.** -- This street in the university's north dormitory complex was named in memory of the late Lt. Col. James G. Curl of Columbus, much-decorated Army Air Corps fighter pilot who was shot down March 19, 1945.

**FYFFE RD.** -- Named in honor of David Fyffe, chief herdsman at Ohio State, the short road joins Lane Ave. with Stadium Dr., running along the west side of the Agricultural Administration Building. Fyffe, who died in January, 1934, taught in the department of animal husbandry for 28 years.

**MAGRUDER RD.** -- This road was named in memory of W. T. Magruder, professor and chairman of the mechanical engineering department for 34 years until his death in 1935. It runs between 18th and 19th Aves. and along the east side of Robinson Laboratory.

**SHERMAN RD.** -- The two-block-long street was named for Prof. C. E. Sherman, who died in May, 1940. It runs from North Oval Dr. to 18th Ave., along the east side of the Administration Building. Professor Sherman was a member of the Ohio State faculty for 43 years and chairman of the department of civil engineering for 36.

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### Athletic fields:

**TRAUTMAN FIELDS** -- The baseball fields north of Lane Ave. and west of Olentangy River Rd. were named the George M. Trautman Baseball Fields in 1966. The name honors a 1914 graduate, former coach and assistant athletic director who served later as president of the National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues. He died in 1963.

# BUILDING NAME SUGGESTIONS

2-27-67

(Reference material on file in Office for University Relations, 107 Administration Building)

Proposed by \_\_\_\_\_

## First OSU Board of Trustees

- Aaron F. Perry, Cincinnati, Ohio  
Joseph F. Wright, Cincinnati  
Richard C. Anderson, Dayton, Ohio (resigned)  
William B. McClung, Troy, Ohio (resigned)  
William Sawyer, St. Marys, Ohio  
James M. Trimble, Hillsboro, Ohio  
Joseph Sullivant, Columbus, Ohio (also second and third Boards; first Secretary; leader in the movement to establish OSU in Columbus.)  
Thomas C. Jones, Delaware, Ohio (also third Board; fourth President, Board of Trustees)  
Warren P. Noble, Tiffin, Ohio (also second and third Boards)  
James W. Ross, Perrysburg, Ohio  
Ralph Leete, Ironton, Ohio (third President; also second and third Boards)  
Daniel Keller, Lancaster, Ohio  
Marvin M. Munson, Granville, Ohio  
\* Norton S. Townshend, Avon, Ohio (Resigned to become first Professor, Agriculture, OSU) (Townshend Hall named for him)  
Valentine B. Horton, Pomeroy, Ohio (also first President, Board of Trustees)  
John C. Jamison, Cadiz, Ohio (Also first Vice President and seventh President of Board)  
Cornelius Aultman, Canton, Ohio  
John R. Buchtel, Akron, Ohio  
Henry B. Perkins, Warren, Ohio  
Cyrus Falconer, Hamilton, Ohio (Vice Anderson)  
Henry S. Conklin, Sidney, Ohio (Vice McClung)  
Alexander Waddle, South Charleston, Ohio (Vice Townshend. Also second Board and second President of Board.)

1933 Committee headed by Paul Elleman and Howard Dwight Smith

## Other Trustees

- H. S. Atkinson, Columbus, 1925-27. "Poor boy who worked his way through school slinging hash." Dr. James E. Pollard  
\* M. Edith Campbell, second and last woman to serve as Trustee. (Conflict with Campbell Hall, named for Elizabeth Campbell, wife of former governor James E. Campbell.) Dr. Pollard  
Alexis Cope, Secretary, Board of Trustees, 1884-1904. Representative of Trustees and business manager. The notes he kept formed the basis for the first volume of the University history, edited by Mendenhall. Dr. Pollard  
Thomas J. Godfrey, 1878-1903 (25 years). From Celina. Name appears on list of suggested building names (found by Dr. Pollard) in President Thompson's handwriting (1921). ~~President Thompson~~  
Charles F. Kettering, 1917-25, 1941-58. Noted inventor. Dr. Pollard and many others

\* Name already used

Trustees - cont'd

J. McLain Smith, 1897-1905. Member of group purchasing farm land to be developed by OSU.  
 Lucius B. Wing, 1882-1902. Agriculture.

Proposed by  
 President Thompson  
 President Thompson

(The name of Joseph Sullivant, member of the first Board of Trustees, also appears on President Thompson's list and has been mentioned frequently by Dr. Pollard as one whose efforts in the establishment and organization of the University "has gone too long unrecognized and unrewarded on the campus.")

OSU Presidents

* Edward Orton	1873-1881	(Orton Hall)
Walter Q. Scott	1881-1883	
William Henry Scott	1883-1895	
* James H. Canfield	1895-1899	(Canfield Hall)
* William O. Thompson	1899-1925	(William Oxley Thompson Memorial Library)
George W. Rightmire	1926-1938	
Howard Landis Bevis	1940-1956	(Still living)
Novice G. Fawcett	1956-	

Members of the first OSU faculty:

Elleman-Smith list

* Edward Orton, Sr.	First President; Geology
* Norton S. Townshend	Agriculture
* Thomas C. Mendenhall	Physics
Sidney A. Norton	Chemistry
Robert W. McFarland	Mathematics
Joseph Millikin	Modern Languages
John H. Wright	Ancient Languages

Other faculty members listed by Elleman-Smith:

Ben L. Bowen	Romance Languages, 1889-1920
Charles A. Bruce	Romance Languages, 1895-1918
* George W. Knight	History
Joseph R. Taylor	English
W. R. Lazenby	Horticulture
Henry Weber	Agricultural Chemistry
Benjamin F. Thomas	Physics
David S. Kellicott	Zoology

Other Faculty

Agr. Ext.	A. B. Graham, founder of 4-H Clubs; first Director of Agricultural Extension	C. F. Christian Agr. Ed. (1958)
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\* Name already used

Faculty - cont'dProposed by

Animal Science	Carl Gay, former department chairman Donald J. Kays, professor	L. L. Rummell George R. Johnson (pres. chm.) Marion T. Gatrell Frank Tate, W. Rounds
Art	James Hopkins, professor (still living) Mabel Debra King, BA '18; many years in FA dept., paintings had international reputation.	
Chemistry	William E. Henderson, professor, 1899-1940	
Dentistry	Dr. Harry Semans, Dean of the College, 1914-39	Dr. Carl O. Boucher, Dent.
Engineering	Robert Meiklejohn, professor, Engineering Drawing Alfred Philby, professor, Engineering Drawing John Younger, professor, Industrial Engineering	Richard C. Knoph Univ. Rel. staff mtg. Univ. Rel. staff mtg.
English	W. L. Graves. Long-time member of the department with outstanding reputation as friend of students.	Mylin Ross
Home Economics	Faith Lanman Gorrell, BSc, DSC '07; director of Univ. program in home economics for a number of years.	Frank Tate, W. Rounds
Library	Olive Jones, BA '87; served as University Librarian for many years.	Tate, Rounds
Microbiology	Charles Bradfield Morrey, 1890 grad.; founder and first chm. of the dept., then called Bacteriology. (Another daughter is Mrs. Michael Condoide, wife of Prof. Condoide, Economic	Marion M. Richter (daughter)
Modern Languages	Alice K. Williams, first woman staff member (started 1875)	Pollard, Rounds
Pharmacy	George B. Kauffman, Dean of the College	Elleman-Smith
Physics	Alpheus W. Smith (still living)	numerous persons
ROTC	Col. G. L. Converse, commandant of cadets, 1900-20; man of great influence on campus during that time; wife once served as interim Dean of Women.	Pollard, Mylin Ross
Deans of Women	Miss Caroline Breyfogle; first Dean of Women; served six years; resigned 1918. Esther Allen Gaw. Suggestion made for naming a building "Allen Hall" for Judge Florence Allen and Dean Gaw (sisters); Judge Allen had no known connection with OSU; one or both may still be living.	Pollard, Rounds F. Stecker, Rounds

Proposed by \_\_\_\_\_

<u>Staff</u>	Caroline Dudley, secretary, Athletics, 1914-49 Walter Duffee, Athletics, team physician for 40 years Leonora Glasgow, Secretary to Dean, Engineering, 1913-43	W. Rounds Univ. Rel. staff Univ. Rel. staff
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Alumni      From the Elleman-Smith list of early alumni:

Benjamin G. Lamme, '88  
George Wesley Bellows, Ex. '05  
Dr. David O'Brien, '81  
George Smart, Ex. '86  
John Bownocker, BSc '89, DSc '97  
Frederick W. Sperr, E.M.; Asst. Prof. 1883  
Mark Francis, DVM '87; Prof. Texas College  
Edward B. Sigerfoos, 1891; General, AEF  
(Olive Jones - Librarian - 1887 - already mentioned under faculty list.)

Other Alumni

Bertha Lamme Feicht, ME in EE '93; one of the first women to be graduated from a college of engineering in America; sister of OSU's noted Benjamin Lamme; brilliant engineer in her own right.	Pollard, Tate, Rounds
Dorothy Canfield Fisher, BPh '99, D. Litt. '31; famous author	Tate, Rounds
James F. Lincoln, '07; President, Lincoln Electric; OSU trustee.	
James Thurber, noted author.	
Alice Townshend Wing, w'78. First woman to enroll in OSU; daughter of prominent University family (Townshend Hall named for her father).	Pollard, Tate, Rounds

Alumni active in Alumni Association affairs

John B. Fullen

Phil S. Bradford, LLB '12. Columbus attorney, president, Ohio State Bar Association.  
Daniel J. Brumley, CE '95, CE (hon.) '34. Chief engineer, Illinois Central Railroad.  
Homer C. Corry, LLB '15. One-time associate professor of Law  
A. F. Davis, ME in EE '14. Secretary, Lincoln Electric Co. Established A. F. Davis Welding Engineering Library, OSU.  
William N. King, Law Cert. '08. Vice Pres., General Attorney, New York Central.  
H. E. Fritz, BChE '13, MA '13, ChE '23, PhD '24. Vice President-Research, B. F. Goodrich Co.; Lamme Medal recipient, 1949.  
Charles W. Racine, BA '20, LLB '22. Toledo attorney; American Bar Association.  
Lowry F. Sater, BPH '95, LLB '97. Treasurer, University Board of Trustees.  
William C. Wendt, GPH '89; Pharmacy; five terms in Ohio House.  
Dr. Francis Carter Wood, BSc '91, DSc (hon.) '31. Noted cancer researcher.  
Grant P. Ward, BA '15, LLB '24. Member Ohio Legislature; fought for increased appropriations to build several OSU buildings.

Proposed by \_\_\_\_\_

Student War Dead

- Lt. (jg) Jesse L. Brown, Engr w'49. Navy's first Negro aviator and the first Navy Negro officer to give his life in any war. Shot down behind enemy lines in Korea, December, 1950. Dr. Pollard
- Lt. Sidney P. Brooks, Com w'42, Cleveland. First Negro fighter pilot from Ohio State to give his life (AAF). Earlier had won an Air Medal with Oak Leaf Cluster; killed in action over North Africa 9-19-43. Dr. Pollard
- Frederick H. Coe, Animal Science; good student; inducted into Air Corps 1942; holder of Distinguished Flying Cross, two Air Medals; crashed 2-22-45 over southern Germany. Parents volunteered the Frederick H. Coe Memorial Trophy in 1946; awarded annually at Little International. L. E. Kunkle

The following names were culled from Alumni Office files at the time buildings in the North Residence Hall Complex were being named. Brief bios on file in University Relations.

World War I

Howard Allen Bair, DSC  
Cyril Frederick Carder, DSC, Silver Star  
Samuel John Covert, DSC

William Heeb Eyler, DSC (French)  
Latimer Johns, DSC  
Edward Sigerfoos, DSC (Brig.Gen.)  
(Duplication with alumni list)

World War II

Charles Alford, Silver Star  
Albert J. Bamaby, Silver Star  
DeForest Buchman, Silver Star  
John T. Boone, Silver Star, DFC, Air Medal  
Robert Kindig, DSC, DFC, Air Medal  
John A. Kulp, DSC  
Gerard J. Bunce, Silver Star  
David L. Hart, Silver Star  
Robert Theodore Johnson, Navy Cross  
Richard A. Kersting, DSC  
Charles J. Kimmel, Navy Cross  
John R. Linn, Silver Star, Air Medal  
Joseph S. Lovett, Jr., Silver Star

Mont F. Morgan, DSC, Croix de Guerre  
James E. Orr, Silver Star  
Herbert G. Sanderson, Silver Star  
Robert O. Peters, DSC, DFC  
Duncan R. Scott, Silver Star (conflict with Scott House, for Robert Scott)  
Donald Nesser See (Dean Krill's nephew); Submarine Combat Insignia with three gold stars  
William L. Shade, Silver Star  
Vance Shield, Silver Star  
Donald Walter, DSC  
Julian A. Yocom, Silver Star

Korean Conflict

Thomas Greer, Silver Star

United States Presidents -- Ohio Born

Ulysses S. Grant	Pt. Pleasant
Rutherford B. Hayes	Delaware
James A. Garfield	Orange, Cuyahoga County
Benjamin Harrison	North Bend
William McKinley	Niles (also on President Thompson's list)
William Howard Taft	Cincinnati
Warren G. Harding	Blooming Grove (now Corsica)

Early Ohio Governors (complete list up to present time on file in University Relations office)

First six, in order of election:

Edward Tiffin  
Thomas Kirker  
Samuel Huntington  
Return Jonathan Meigs  
Othneil Looker  
Thomas Worthington

Ohio Pioneers (Information from Ohio Department of Development)

Rufus Putnam, Marietta -- "Founder and Father of Ohio"  
Arthur St. Clair -- first and only governor of the Northwest Territory  
John Cleves Symmes -- with several associates, purchased land on which Cincinnati and two other settlements were made (1788)  
Nathaniel Massie -- founded Chillicothe  
Simon Kenton -- Ohio's pioneer hero  
Betty Zane -- heroine of the siege of Ft. Henry (on the site of Wheeling); lived near Bridgeport for many years  
Ebenezer Zane -- founded Zanesville and Lancaster  
Samuel Brady -- noted Indian fighter  
Ann Bailey -- brave Indian scout  
Louis Wetzel -- Indian fighter  
Moses Cleaveland -- chose site of Cleveland  
Jonathan Chapman -- "Johnny Appleseed"  
Governor Thomas Worthington -- "The Father of Ohio Statehood"  
Edward Tiffin -- first Governor of Ohio, later U. S. Senator  
Alfred E. Kelley -- supervised construction of Ohio's canal system  
Commodore Abraham Whipple -- instrumental in bringing ocean-going vessels up the Ohio river to Marietta

Indian Names (Information from Ohio Department of Development)

Major tribes: Miami, Shawnee, Delaware, Mingo, Ottawa, Seneca, Wyandot  
Major chiefs: Logan, Tarhe, Pontiac, Tecumseh



I. BUILDING NAMES: OSU MAIN CAMPUS

BAKER SYSTEMS ENGINEERING -- Located at 1971 Neil Avenue, this building houses the Department of Industrial and Systems Engineering. It was named in memory of Dr. David F. Baker, former Chairman of the Department of Industrial Engineering, five months after his plane crashed in Long Island Sound while on an educator's inspection trip.

BEVIS HALL -- Part of the University College complex on West Campus, this building is named in honor of Dr. Howard Landis, seventh President of The Ohio State University. Bevis, an educator, lawyer, and former Justice of the Ohio Supreme Court, led the University through the Second World War, and into the beginning of the "boom years", from 1940 to 1956, a time of extraordinary demands on the office.

BIGGS ATHLETIC FACILITY -- The North Athletic Facility at 2490 North Fyffe Road is named in memory of Ernie R. Biggs. Biggs, who served as a student assistant in athletic training in his undergraduate days at The Ohio State University, and as Athletic Trainer for the University from 1942 to 1971, was nationally acclaimed in his profession.

COCKINS HALL -- The memory of Edith Cockins is perpetual in this building at 1958 Neil Avenue. Edith Cockins began her long association with The Ohio State University in 1888 as a student. In 1897, she became the University's first Registrar, and served in this post for 47 years. Cockins continued her involvement with OSU as an alumni official, after her retirement. This building houses the Department of Statistics.

CONVERSE HALL -- The ROTC Building at 2121 Tuttle Park Place is named in honor of Colonel George L. Converse, Jr. Colonel Converse, head of the Department of Military Science and Tactics at The Ohio State University for 18 years, was one of the more colorful figures of the University's early history. He had fought the Indians in Arizona in the 1880's (where he lost his right eye and acquired a distinctive eyepatch), and became commandant of cadets at OSU in 1899. Converse was one of the men primarily responsible for the creation of the Reserve Officers Training Corps by the U.S. Congress in 1916.

I. BUILDING NAMES: OSU MAIN CAMPUS (contd)

CUNZ HALL -- The Hall of Languages is named in memory of Dr. Dieter Cunz. Dr. Cunz left his native Germany in opposition to Hitler in the 1930's and soon emigrated to the United States. He was Professor and Chairman of the German Department at Ohio State for twelve years. Cunz Hall is located at 1841 Milliken Road.

DRAKE UNION -- Called the River Union when it was under construction, the Drake Union honors the memory of Edward S. Drake, manager of the Ohio Union from 1913 to 1946. "Beanie" Drake devoted his life to OSU students for fifty years, as manager of the Union, adviser to several campus organizations, a founder of Ohio Staters, Inc., and friend in need.

DULLES HALL -- Dulles Hall is named in tribute to Foster Rhea Dulles, historian, journalist and educator, who served Ohio State as Professor (1941-1965) and Chairman (1953-1958) of the Department of History. Dulles was a cousin of Secretary of State John Foster Dulles. The building, at 230 West 17th Avenue, houses the Department of History and Comparative Literature. It was completed in 1974.

GOSS LABORATORY -- Located at 1925 Coffey Road, this building houses the Department of Veterinary Pathology. It is named in memory of Leonard W. Goss, Chairman of the Veterinary Pathology Department from 1920 until his retirement in 1947. Goss was widely recognized for the excellence of his teaching ability. It was estimated at the time of his death (1947), that he had trained 10% of the nation's practicing veterinarians.

GRAVES HALL -- The Medical Basic Science Building at 333 West Tenth Avenue is named in honor of Grant Ostrander Graves, Professor and Chairman of the Department of Anatomy at the time of his death in 1972.

HASKETT HALL -- The building housing the Department of Photography and Cinema is named in memory of Frank Haskett, former Professor and first Chairman of the Department of Photography. Haskett was also the official university photographer. This building, located at 156 West 19th Avenue, was formerly the Engineering Experiment Station.

HOPKINS HALL -- Housing the Fine Arts Center, Hopkins Hall is situated on the Oval, at 128 North Oval Drive. It is named in honor of James R. Hopkins, who headed the Department of Fine Arts at OSU for 24 years from 1923 to 1947. Hopkins, a distinguished artist, was one of the moving forces behind the growth of the School of Fine Arts.

I. BUILDING NAMES: OSU MAIN CAMPUS (contd)

HOWLETT HALL -- The former Horticulture, Forestry and Food Technology Building at 2001 Fyffe Court is named for Freeman Smith Howlett. Dr. Howlett was a member of the faculty of Ohio State for 46 years, from 1924 to 1970, during which time he rose to high esteem in the horticulture profession. From 1947 until his retirement, Dr. Howlett was Professor and Chairman of the Department of Horticulture and Forestry at Ohio State and of the Department of Horticulture at the Ohio Agricultural Research and Development Center. Howlett Hall now houses the Department of Horticulture.

INDEPENDENCE HALL -- Completed in 1975, the Board of Trustees named the auditorium at 2023 Neil Avenue, Independence Hall to commemorate the approaching Bicentennial of the United States.

JOHNSTON LABORATORY -- The former Research Laboratory at 176 West 19th Avenue honors the memory of Professor Herrick L. Johnston. Professor Johnston, a member of the Chemistry Department faculty from 1929 to 1954, directed one of the research projects connected with the development of the atomic bomb during World War II. He was one of the persons primarily responsible for the construction of this building and for the establishment therein of the cryogenic laboratory.

LAZENBY HALL -- Lazenby Hall honors the memory of William Rane Lazenby, first Chairman of the Department of Horticulture at Ohio State. Lazenby also was instrumental in founding the Ohio Agricultural Experiment Station (now the Ohio Agricultural Research and Development Center) and became its first Director as well. At one time the Horticulture and Forestry Building, Lazenby Hall is located at 1827 Neil Avenue.

MC CAMPBELL HALL -- The Mental Retardation Center at 1580 Cannon Drive is named in memory of Dr. Eugene F. McCampbell. Dr. McCampbell, second dean of the College of Medicine (1917-1927), was responsible for the reorganization of the College of Medicine from a proprietary school of medicine into an academic college of medicine as an integral part of The Ohio State University. The Nisonger Center for Mental Retardation is now located in McCampbell Hall.

MEANS HALL -- Part of the medical complex, Means Hall is named for William J. Means, first Dean of the College of Medicine and first Chairman of the Department of Surgery at Ohio State. The building is located at 466 West 10th Avenue.

I. BUILDING NAMES: OSU MAIN CAMPUS (contd)

NEWTON HALL -- The School of Nursing building, 1585 Neil Avenue, memorializes Mildred Emily Newton, director of Ohio State University's School of Nursing from 1951 to 1968.

RAMSEYER HALL -- The former University School building at 29 West Woodruff Avenue is named in honor of Dr. John A. Ramseyer, long-time teacher and educational administrator at Ohio State. Dr. Ramseyer was a member of the faculty of University School from 1938 to 1951, and served as Director from 1948 to 1951. He subsequently was a Professor of Educational Administration, and Director of the School of Education from 1965 to 1968.

RIGHTMIRE HALL -- Located on West Campus at 1060 Carmack Road, this building is named in memory of the sixth President of the University, George Washington Rightmire. Rightmire, the first OSU alumnus to serve as President of the University, held the office from 1926 to 1938. He brought the University through the Great Depression, originated the Orientation program, and pioneered low-cost cooperative dormitory housing. Before assuming the Presidency, Rightmire had been President of the Columbus City Council, a Professor of History and Law at The Ohio State University, dean of the Law School, and chief of the Communist investigations of the 1920's at Ohio State.

SCOTT HALL -- Located at 1090 Carmack Road, Scott Hall honors William Henry Scott, the third President of Ohio State University. Under Dr. Scott's leadership (1883-1985), Ohio State began to emerge as one of the country's leading educational institutions. Scott remained at Ohio State until 1910, as a Professor of Philosophy.

SMITH LAB -- The Physics Laboratory Building at 174 West 18th Avenue is named in memory of Alpheus Wilson Smith. Smith was Chairman of the Department of Physics and Astronomy at OSU from 1926-1946, Dean of the Graduate School from 1938 to 1946, and President of the Ohio State University Research Foundation from 1946 to 1957. He is generally credited with raising the stature fo the Graduate School, and doing more than any other individual to establish the university as a major research center.

I. BUILDING NAMES: OSU MAIN CAMPUS (contd)

SULLIVANT HALL -- For years the Ohio Historical Society Building, the edifice at 15th Avenue and North High Street was renamed Sullivant Hall, in honor of Joseph Sullivant, when the Historical Society moved to new quarters. Joseph Sullivant was a leader in the movement to locate The Ohio State University in Columbus, and was a member of the first three Boards of Trustees of the University.

WATTS HALL -- Housing offices of the Department of Ceramic Engineering, Watts Hall, at 2041 North College Road, honors the memory of Arthur Simeon Watts, distinguished ceramic educator and scientist. Watts was Professor and Chairman of the Department of Ceramic Engineering for 31 years until his retirement in 1946.

WILCE STUDENT HEALTH CENTER -- Set at 1875 Millikin Road, the Health Center is named in memory of Dr. John Woodworth Wilce. Wilce, a physician, was The Ohio State University's football coach from 1913 to 1928, first director of intramural athletics, and Director of the University Health Service from 1934 to 1958. During his coaching years, Ohio State teams first won national acclaim (three Western Conference Championships) and Ohio Stadium was built. "Jack" Wilce is said to have coined the phrase "intestinal fortitude."

WIRTHWEIN TENNIS FACILITY -- The tennis facility east of Buckeye Village and northeast of the North Athletic Facility is named in memory of Professor Herman Wirthwein, a member of the varsity tennis team as an undergraduate at OSU, who returned as tennis coach from 1926 to 1957.

II. STREET NAMES: OSU MAIN CAMPUS

CARMACK ROAD -- The main street on West Campus is named for Paul A. Carmack, Associate Professor of the Department of Speech, from 1946 to 1963. Dr. Carmack was a leader in speech affairs, and was among the first faculty members to travel to the University's branch campuses to conduct classes.

MILLIKIN ROAD -- Extending from Stadium Drive to West 12th Avenue, Millikin Road honors Joseph Millikin of Hamilton, Ohio. A member of the University's original faculty, Millikin was the first professor of English and modern languages and literature. He taught at Ohio State from 1873 to 1881.

III. BRANCH CAMPUSES (OSU)

GALVIN HALL -- The Board of Trustees made an exception to the policy that buildings should not be named for living persons in naming the first building on the Lima Branch Campus. This structure honors John E. Galvin, in recognition of leadership and financial support Mr. Galvin gave to the development of the Lima Branch.

IV. OTHERS: OSU MAIN CAMPUS

NEIL-17th BUILDING -- It was recommended in 1967, after the Veterinary Laboratory vacated the premises, that a commemorative name not be given to the structure at 1949 Neil Avenue, since the building would be demolished in the next few years.

WEST HALL -- The building housing the administrative offices of University College, at 1050 Carmack Road on West Campus, was named West Hall, due to its location, "until such time as a suitable memorial name is selected."

# Loop to Encircle Campus

7-16-70

By ILSE HAWKINS

Lantern Staff Writer

Controlled access to central campus for holders of "A" and "B" parking permits as well as "authorized" visitors is the first step in a three-part plan culminating in a pedestrian campus surrounded by campus loop, William J. Griffith, director of campus planning, said.

The loop is a road now being planned to eliminate traffic congestion on campus by directing vehicles to the periphery of central campus. Campus Planner Jean Hansford could not elaborate.

The target date for the controlled access plan to become effective is August 3rd, he said.

## More Parking Ramps

The second step is the construction of more parking ramps. The hike in parking

permit fees will help pay for new parking facilities, Executive Dean for Statistical Services Ronald B. Thompson, chairman of the university's commission on traffic and parking said.

## State Aid Sought

The University has also tried to obtain support from the state legislature for the ramps, according to Hansford. So far the University has been unsuccessful, he commented.

Following the construction of parking facilities, work will begin on the campus loop of which Woodruff Avenue is a part, according to the Master Plan adopted by the Board of Trustees in 1962.

E.S. Preston and Associates are designing portions of the southern and western sections of the loop, according to Stephen E.

Lance, special assistant to the vice president for business and finance.

The firm is paid on an hourly basis up to a maximum of \$60,000, Lance explained.

## Every Other Street

In conjunction with this plan about every other street will be converted into a pedestrian walkway lined with trees, shrubs, and benches, Hansford said.

Other streets will be retained for service and emergency vehicles, but which streets will be retained has not been decided.

No one seems to know where or when the loop road will be built. "We have explained the plan several times to different University groups, and the plan was different every time" Hansford said.



# Trustees authorize 'loop' changes

10-16-72

In separate votes by the Board of Trustees Friday, members authorized temporary use of Lincoln Tower as office space and approved changes in the route of the proposed campus loop road.

The Board authorized a lease arrangement between the Housing Commission and the University until autumn of 1973.

In addition to this authorization, the Board's action called for a comprehensive study to determine Ohio State's long-range dormitory needs. This study is to be ready for Board consideration and action no later than the February meeting.

The loop road route, which will

eventually provide a by-pass around the entire central academic area of the campus, was changed to reduce costs.

The changes will move the southeast portion of the loop road route a block north, from near W. 9th Avenue to near W. 10th Avenue.

This part of the loop alignment was re-studied because it was the only section of the proposed road not entirely on land already owned by the University.

"It now appears prudent because of limited financial resources to locate the proposed road further north so as to contract the previously authorized land acquisition boundary for this pro-

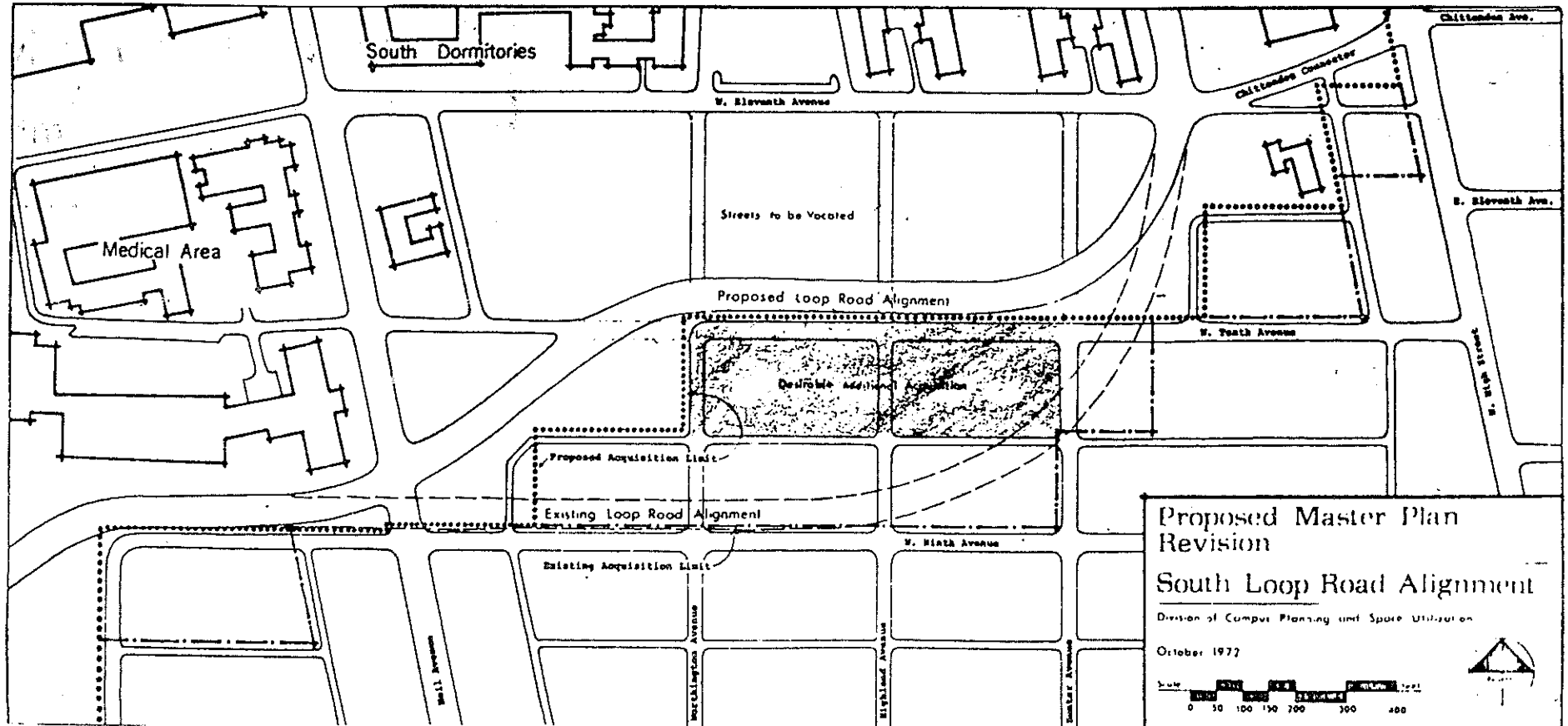
ject," President Enarson said when he recommended the changes.

The campus loop road was proposed with the adoption of Ohio State's master plan in 1962. A segment of the road paralleling the Olentangy Freeway and an extension of Stadium Drive are now nearing completion in the northwest portion of the central academic area.

Alignment of the remainder of the loop for the most part will be along existing campus streets except for the

southeast segment and a new Olentangy River bridge south of Lincoln Tower. Expansion of Stadium Drive bridge to four lanes also would be required for completion of the loop.

The trustees held the October meeting in Wooster at the Ohio Agricultural Research and Development Center.



# Building names: From money to mother

By Theodore Parker Jr.

7 MAR 74

A disheartening requirement of having a building named for you on the Ohio State campus, in most cases, is that you have to be dead.

Other requirements are not so painfully accomplished.

Campus buildings are usually named in honor of former students, faculty members, administrative officials, trustees, alumni and staff. Names of persons who donate large sums of money are also used.

Nationally known figures are also popular, especially U.S. presidents who pass state land-grant bills favorable to Ohio State.

Some of the buildings retain the names of their original owners or their families. Still others have names descriptive of their localities.

## Requirement kept

The death requirement is a provision contained in the by-laws of the University's Board of Trustees. It states that "buildings and structures shall not be named after living persons."

In most instances this practice has been followed.

The Fawcett Center for Tomorrow is one of the few exceptions to the death requirement. It is named after Novice G. Fawcett, who retired in 1972 after 17 years as president of the University.

At last count, Ohio State had about 339 structures. The names of these buildings represent a large variety of people whose names were chosen for many reasons.

One of the most unusual names arrived at is that of Oxley Hall, a former women's residence hall now being used for research. It is not named after Ohio State's eighth president William Oxley Thompson, but instead, his mother, Agnew Miranda Oxley Thompson.

## Veterans honored

A commonly used source, especially among North Campus buildings, has been university veterans who lost their lives in wartime.

Archer House, an administrative office building at 2130 Neil Ave., is named after the first Ohio State man to die in the Korean conflict, John F. Archer of Columbus and Gallipolis Ferry, W. Va. The structure was built in 1966.

Barrett House, a North Campus residence hall, honors Thomas W. Barrett of Mentor, the first Ohio State man to die in World War I.

Both Blackburn and Halloran residence halls are named in memory of two of the four Ohio State men who died in the attack on Pearl Harbor in 1941.

Believed to be the first Ohio State alumna to lose her life in the service of the United States is Alice R. Raney, from Eaton, for whom Raney Commons is named. Raney lost her life while serving as a second lieutenant in the Army Nurse Corps during World War II.

Ohio State's first president,

Edward Orton Sr. (1873-1884), is honored by one of the university's more popular buildings — Orton Hall and its Bell tower.

## U.S. Presidents

Listed in the National Registry of Historic Places, Orton Hall was constructed in 1893 on the site of a log cabin that housed the janitor for the only other classroom building on campus, old University Hall.

The chimes in the tower were contributed by members of eight graduating classes.

Also completed in 1893 is the campus' original manual training and shops building, Hayes Hall, which was named for Rutherford B. Hayes, 19th President of the United States. Hayes served as a member of Ohio State's Board of Trustees from 1878 until his death in 1893.

Hayes Hall, situated on the north end of the Oval, is also listed on the National Registry of Historic Places.

## Long service

The majority of buildings are named in honor of faculty and staff who have become institutions themselves either by their length of time here or by their outstanding accomplishments.

McCracken Power Plant, Ohio State's heating facility was named in 1960 for William C. McCracken, who retired as chief engineer and superintendent of buildings and grounds in 1946 after 60 years of service. He died in 1959 at the age of 96.

William A. North, for whom North Commons is named, was a campus police officer and "familiar Ohio State figure" for more than half a century before his death in

1962. North Commons is a residence hall, dining facility on North Campus.

## Money rates a name

In 1967, Bradford Hall was renamed after a 1924 alumnus who was the registrar from 1897 to 1944 — Edith Cockins.

The designer of some 5 campus buildings, Joseph N. Bradford, became Ohio State's first University architect. Bradford Commons, dining facility on South Campus, was built in 1964 and named in his memory.

A quick way to get a building named for yourself is leave money to build one.

The 3,000 seat Mershon Auditorium, completed in 1957, was named in honor of the late Col. Ralph D. Mershon, an 1890 graduate of Ohio State and former president of the Alumni Association.

## 'Firsts' honored

When Mershon died in 1958 he named Ohio State as the principal beneficiary in his will.

Still again, if you're the first person to do something, you may get a building named.

May Frank Morrison, native of Wheeling, W. Va., for whom Morrison Graduation Tower is named, was the first woman to graduate from Ohio State, in 1879.

Siebert Hall, an 11-story residence hall on South Campus, was named after the first person to receive a master's arts degree from Ohio State, Annie Ware Sabine Siebert.

BUILDING, PROPERTY

April 1978

AND STREET NAMES

AT THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY

A number of buildings, properties and streets on the Columbus and regional campuses of The Ohio State University serve as memorials for persons associated with the university since its founding in 1870. Many building names honor former students, faculty members, administrative officials, trustees, alumni and generous benefactors. In some instances, however, a few physical facilities retain the names of their original owners or their families; or have names descriptive of their locations; or names of nationally known figures.

COLUMBUS BUILDING NAMES INCLUDE:

ARCHER HOUSE, 2130 Neil Ave.--This former residence hall, now used for administrative offices, is among a group of buildings named in honor of university veterans who lost their lives in wartime. It serves as a memorial to John F. Archer of Columbus and Gallipolis Ferry, W. Va., killed in 1950, the first Ohio State man to die in the Korean conflict. It was built in 1966.

ARPS HALL, 1945 N. High St.--Named in memory of Prof. George F. Arps, late dean of the College of Education and later the Graduate School, Arps Hall was first used in 1925 and enlarged in 1958. It houses the College of Education and the Department of Psychology.

BAKER HALL, 93 W. 12th Ave.--The dormitory was completed in 1940 and named for the late Newton D. Baker, of Cleveland, former member of the university's Board of Trustees and U.S. Secretary of War. A west wing, at 129 W. 12th Ave., was added in 1957.

BAKER SYSTEMS ENGINEERING BUILDING, 1971 Neil Ave.-- This seven-floor building houses the university's main computer facility, the Instruction and Research Computer Center, as well as the Department of Industrial and Systems Engineering. Completed in 1969, the building is named for David F. Baker, the former industrial engineering department chairman who helped to design it. Baker was an Ohio State graduate and a faculty member from 1953 until his death in an airplane accident in 1970.

(MORE)

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BARRETT HOUSE, 17 Curl Dr.--The residence hall was named in memory of Thomas W. Barrett of Mentor, O., first Ohio State man to lose his life in World War I. He was killed in 1917 in a plane crash in France. The dormitory was completed in 1963.

BEVIS HALL, 1080 Carmack Rd.--Named for the late Howard L. Bevis, the seventh president of Ohio State, serving from 1940 to 1956. Bevis Hall opened in Autumn, 1969.

BIBBEE SCHOLARSHIP HOUSE, 118 W. 19th Ave.--Used as a scholarship house for nursing students, this house replaces an earlier Bebbie scholarship house on King Avenue. May Lynas Bibbee had given the King Avenue house to the university in memory of her husband Edgar for the benefit of the School of Nursing.

BIGGS ATHLETIC TRAINING FACILITY, 2490 N. Fyffe Rd.--Named for a former director of the Ohio State athletic training staff, this building, completed in 1967, provides locker and classroom space for varsity baseball and football. Ernie Biggs was an authority on the care and prevention of athletic injuries and served as a U.S. trainer for the 1964 Olympic Games. He worked at Ohio State for more than 20 years.

BLACKBURN HOUSE, 120 W. Woodruff Ave.--This residence hall, first occupied in 1964, was named in honor of John T. Blackburn of Columbus, one of four Ohio State men who died in the attack on Pearl Harbor on Dec. 7, 1941.

BOYD LABORATORY, 155 W. Woodruff Ave.--Built in the early 1930's, this building housing the Department of Engineering Mechanics was named in honor of James Ellsworth Boyd, department chairman for 30 years, who died in 1950. A former State Highway Department laboratory, it was acquired in 1962 and remodeled in 1964-65.

BRADFORD COMMONS, 153 W. 12th Ave.--This facility is named in honor of the late Joseph N. Bradford, who joined the faculty in 1885 and became Ohio State's first university architect. He designed and supervised the construction of some 52 buildings and died in 1943. The commons dining facility was closed in 1973-74. The commons was completed in 1964.

BRADLEY HALL, 221, W. 12th Ave.--This residence hall was first occupied in January, 1955, and named for the late Carolyn Bradley, professor of fine arts who died that year. She had been a visiting professor at several Latin American universities.

(MORE)

Buildings - 3

BROWN HALL, 190 W. 17th Ave.--Containing School of Architecture offices and classrooms, Brown Hall was erected in 1903 and named in honor of the late Christopher Newton Brown, former dean of the College of Engineering and professor of civil engineering for 20 years. Brown Hall also has an annex at 1961 Bohannon Dr.

BROWNING THEATER--The open air theater, dedicated in 1926, was named for the now defunct Browning Dramatic Society. Constructed with funds provided by campus societies and alumni, the amphitheater near Mirror Lake represented the fulfillment of a dream for the society, which developed out of the Browning Literary Society in 1912. The society took its name from poet Elizabeth Barrett Browning.

CALDWELL LABORATORY, 2024 Neil Ave.--Occupied in 1950, the engineering building was enlarged in 1958 and named Caldwell Laboratory in memory of Frank C. Caldwell, first chairman of the electrical engineering department. He served as department chairman from 1897 until 1930.

<sup>MP</sup>  
CAMPBELL HALL, 1787 Neil Ave.--This building was completed in 1917 and named in honor of the late Elizabeth Campbell, wife of Ohio Gov. James E. Campbell. A major addition was completed in 1962. It houses the School of Home Economics.

CANFIELD HALL, 236 W. 11th Ave.--Built in 1940, the women's residence hall was named in honor of former Ohio State President and Mrs. James H. Canfield. The fourth president of the university, Canfield served from 1895 to 1899. He died in 1909.

COCKINS HALL, 1958 Neil Ave.--The former Pharmacy and Microbiology Building completed in 1930 was renamed Edith Cockins Hall in 1967 in memory of the university registrar from 1897 to 1944, she died in 1963. The remodeled building is used by the departments of geodetic science and statistics.

CONVERSE HALL, 2121 Tuttle Park Place--Completed in 1942, this military science building honors George L. Converse, commandant of military cadets at Ohio State from 1900 to 1918. Converse was one of four Ohio State men credited with originating the Congressional action which established the Reserve Officers' Training Corps.

DAVISSON-HANLEY ALUMNAE SCHOLARSHIP HOUSE 195 E. 16th Ave. The house was named for the mothers of Mr. and Mrs. Stanley M. Hanley of Columbus, who gave the residence to the university. The house, which was built in 1914, was acquired by the university in 1954.

(MORE)

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DENNEY HALL, 164 W. 17th Ave.--Housing offices of the Colleges of the Arts and Sciences, and of the department of English, Denney Hall was completed in 1960. The five-story building was named in memory of the late Joseph Villiers Denney, English department chairman and dean of the College of Arts and Sciences from 1909 to 1921.

DERBY HALL, 154 N. Oval Dr.--Dating from 1905, Derby Hall formerly was a chemistry building. Now it houses the departments of communication, political science, and the women's studies office as well as a bookstore. The structure was enlarged by addition of the north wing and the third floor. It was named in honor of Samuel C. Derby, first dean of the College of Arts and Sciences and chairman of the Latin department. He died in 1921.

DODD HALL, 472 W. Eighth Ave.--Formerly known as the Ohio Rehabilitation Center, this building is part of the University Hospitals complex, serving physical medicine patients. It honors the memory of the late Fr. Verne A. Dodd, former chairman of the department of surgery in the College of Medicine and chief of staff at University Hospital, who died in 1957. The building was acquired in 1961 and renamed in 1963. Dodd Hall contains the Department of Physical Medicine.

DRACKETT TOWER, 161 Curl Dr.--A 12-story residence hall, this structure was named in honor of the late Harry R. Drackett of Cincinnati, prominent in alumni affairs, who died in 1948. The building was completed in 1963.

DRAKE UNION, 1849 Cannon Dr.--This two-story building was completed in 1972 and named for Edward S. "Beanie" Drake, who was manager of the first Ohio Union from 1913 to 1946. Drake Union contains student recreation, dining, and educational facilities, including Department of Theatre, the 622-seat Thurber Theatre and a bookstore.

DREESE LABORATORIES, 2015 Neil Ave.--Formerly known as the Electronics Laboratories, this eight-story building houses the Department of Electrical Engineering. Named for Erwin E. Dreese, former department chairman in electrical engineering from 1930 to 1965, this building was completed in 1969 and renamed in 1977.

DULLES HALL, 230 W. 17th Ave.--Completed in 1974, Dulles Hall was named in memory of the late author, journalist, and history department chairman, Foster Rhea Dulles. Dulles, who died in 1970, served as chairman of the Department of History from 1953 to 1958. The Department of History is housed in this three-story building.

(MORE)

Buildings - 5

EVANS LABORATORY, 88 W. 18th Ave.--Completed in 1960, the William Lloyd Evans Laboratory of Chemistry was named in honor of the late professor of chemistry who taught at Ohio State for 38 years and was chairman of the chemistry department for 13 years. He died in 1954.

FAWCETT CENTER FOR TOMORROW, 2400 Olentangy River Road--Named for Novice G. Fawcett, eighth president of Ohio State, who served from 1956 to 1972, this is the university's main conference facility. Completed in 1970, the 12-floor center houses the division of continuing education, alumni association, Ohio State University Development Fund, and the telecommunications center, as well as dining and lodging facilities.

FRENCH FIELD HOUSE, 460 W. Woodruff Ave.--Adjoining St. John Arena, the field house was completed in 1956 as a sports practice area. It was named for Dr. Thomas E. French, Western Conference faculty representative for Ohio State for 32 years. Known as the father of the "stadium idea," he died in 1944.

GOSS LABORATORY, 1925 Coffey Road--The veterinary pathology building, first occupied in 1962, was named in memory of Leonard W. Goss, late chairman of veterinary pathology from 1920 to 1947. He died in 1958.

GRAVES HALL, 333 W. 10th Ave.--Named for Grant O. Graves, who received three academic degrees from Ohio State, served as professor and chairman of the Department of Anatomy for many years, contributing to the design and implementation of the three-year medical curriculum which began in 1970 and the establishment of an office of medical education. He was a university faculty member from 1935 until his death in 1970. The six-floor hall, completed in 1969, houses the departments of anatomy, medical basic sciences, medical microbiology, pathology, pharmacology, physiological chemistry, and physiology.

HAGERTY HALL, 1775 College Road--Built as the commerce building in 1924 and enlarged in 1950, Hagerty Hall was named in honor of the late James E. Hagerty, first dean of what was once known as the College of Commerce and Journalism. It now houses the College of Administrative Science and the departments of accounting, economics and sociology.

(MORE)

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HALLORAN HOUSE, 23 Curl Drive--This residence hall serves as a memorial to Ohio State graduate William I. Halloran of Cleveland, a Navy ensign killed when the USS Arizona was attacked at Pearl Harbor. It was completed in 1963.

HAMILTON HALL, 1645 Neil Ave.--Named for Dr. J. W. Hamilton, a noted physician and head of the old Columbus Medical College. The building was constructed in 1925 and formerly housed the College of Medicine and the College of Dentistry. It now contains the Department of Physiological Chemistry.

HASKETT HALL, 156 W. 19th Ave.--The former Engineering Experiment Station, which houses the Department of Photography and Cinema, was built in 1925. It was renamed Haskett Hall in 1968 in honor of the late Professor Frank Haskett, first professor and first chairman of the university's department of photography. Haskett died in 1938.

HAVERFIELD HOUSE, 112 W. Woodruff Ave.--This residence hall honors the memory of James W. Haverfield of Uhrichsville, Ohio, an alumnus of the university who died aboard the USS Arizona in the Pearl Harbor attack. It was completed in 1963.

HAYES HALL, 108 N. Oval Mall--The university's original manual training and shops building, completed in 1893, was named for Rutherford B. Hayes, 19th president of the United States, who served as a member of the university's Board of Trustees from 1878 until his death in 1893. The building, which is used for fine arts classes, is listed on the National Registry of Historic Places. It underwent a major renovation in 1977-78.

HITCHCOCK HALL, 2070 Neil Ave.--This engineering classroom and laboratories building completed in 1967 was named in memory of the late Professor Embury Asbury Hitchcock, dean of the College of Engineering from 1920 to 1936. He died in 1948. It contains the College of Engineering, the departments of civil engineering and engineering graphics and the university archives.

HOPKINS HALL, 128 N. Oval Mall--The former Fine Arts Building was renamed the James R. Hopkins Fine Arts Center in 1969 in honor of the former director of the School of Fine and Applied Arts who died that same year. He was a member of art faculty from 1923 until his retirement in 1947. The building was constructed in 1959. It houses the departments of art and industrial design.

(MORE)



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HOUCK HOUSE, 61 Curl Drive--The four-story residence hall named in memory of Edwin R. and Ernest C. Houck, brothers, from Osborn (now Fairborn), Ohio, both killed during World War II. It was completed in 1964.

HOWLETT HALL, 2001 Fyffe Court--First used in 1969, this four-story building is named for the late Freeman S. Howlett, former professor and chairman of horticulture and forestry at Ohio State and chairman of horticulture at the Ohio Agricultural Research and Development Center, Wooster. He was a faculty member for 46 years. Howlett Hall contains a model food processing plant and the Department of Horticulture.

HUGHES HALL, 1899 College Road--The university's School of Music is housed in Hughes Hall, named for the late Professor Royal D. Hughes. He was the first chairman of the music department, founded in 1925. The building was completed in 1949.

IVES HALL, 2073 Neil Ave.--Named in memory of Professor Frederick W. Ives, killed in a 1924 railway accident, the agricultural engineering building was created in 1925. An old horse barn, built in 1907, and an old implement barn, built in 1925, were remodeled and joined together to form the building. It houses the Department of Agricultural Engineering.

JOHNSTON LABORATORY, 176 W. 19th Ave.--Completed in 1942, this four-story building is named for the late Herrick L. Johnston, a former member of the chemistry faculty known for his work in thermodynamics. Johnston taught at Ohio State from 1929 to 1954.

JONES GRADUATE TOWER, 101 Curl Drive--One of three high-rise residence halls in the north dormitory complex, this 17-story building honors the memory of the late Professor Lawrence D. Jones, an engineering faculty member for 37 years before his death in 1961. He served also as secretary of the University Faculty and Faculty Council. The graduate student residence was constructed in 1969 and a swimming pool was added to the building in 1970.

GEORGE WELLS KNIGHT INTERNATIONAL HOUSE FOR MEN, 104 e. 15th Ave.--The residence for international students was named in memory of the late George Wells Knight, professor emeritus and chairman of the history department. The house was acquired by the university in 1949 from the First Congregational Church, Columbus. The building originally was Professor Knight's home.

(MORE)

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KOFFOLT LABORATORIES, 140 W. 19th Ave.--The former Chemical Engineering Building was renamed for Joseph H. Koffolt, former faculty member at Ohio State for 43 years, in 1976. Koffolt, who served as department chairman of the chemical engineering department from 1951 to 1971, holds three degrees from OSU and retired with the title professor emeritus. Koffolt Laboratories contains the Department of Chemical Engineering.

LARKINS HALL, 337 W. 17th Ave.--The former Physical Education Building is named for Richard C. Larkins, OSU athletic director from 1946-70. The building was remodeled and opened as Larkins Hall in May 1977. It contains two major athletic centers, the Mike Peppe Aquatic Center and the Paul G. Benedum Recreation Center. The Peppe Aquatic Center contains the old natatorium, a new 50-meter olympic pool and a modern diving bay. It is named for Mike Peppe who was OSU's first swimming coach from 1931-63 and twice served as the U. S. Olympic diving coach. The Benedum Recreation Center, named for Paul G. Benedum who was active in OSU alumni affairs, contains conditioning rooms, 20 handball courts and five multipurpose gymnasias. Both Larkins and Benedum died in 1977.

LAZENBY HALL, 1827 Neil Ave.--Completed in 1914, this brick structure is named for William Rane Lazenby, a faculty member in horticulture and botany from 1881 to 1916. Once the superintendent of the campus grounds, Lazenby also had a persistent influence for the betterment of rural conditions in the state.

LINCOLN TOWER, 1800 Cannon Dr.-- One of two 24-story buildings on the east bank of the Olentangy River, constructed, in 1967, the structure was named Abraham Lincoln Tower in memory of the president who signed the Land Grant College Bill in 1862, providing for grants of public lands which financed establishment of many colleges, including Ohio State. It contains Lincoln House, a student dormitory, as well as administrative offices.

LORD HALL, 124 W. 17th Ave.--Constructed in 1906 and known originally as the mines building, Lord Hall was named for Nathaniel Wright Lord, professor of metallurgy and mineralogy for 33 years, first director of the former School of Mines and first dean of the College of Engineering.

MACK HALL, 1694 Neil Ave.--The women's residence hall was completed in 1923 and named in memory of the late John T. Mack of Sandusky, a University trustee for 21 years. An addition was completed in 1935.

MacQUIGG LABORATORY, 105 W. Woodruff Ave.--A materials engineering and science building dedicated in 1967, this laboratory was named in memory of the late Charles E. MacQuigg, engineering dean from 1937 until his death in 1952.

(MORE)

MCCAMPBELL HALL, 1580 Cannon Drive--This building, which houses the Hershel Nisonger Center for Mental Retardation, is named in honor of Ohio State's second dean of medicine. Eugene F. McCampbell was responsible for the reorganization of the College of Medicine from a proprietary school into an academic college as part of the University. The five-floor building, completed in 1972, is the setting for interdisciplinary and interdepartmental preparation of professional personnel to work in the field of mental retardation.

MCCRACKEN POWER PLANT, 304 W. 17th Ave.--The University's heating plant was named in 1960 in memory of the late William C. McCracken, who retired in 1946 as chief engineer and superintendent of buildings and grounds after 60 years of University service. He died in 1959 at the age of 96. The power plant was built in several stages, the first of which was completed in 1918.

MCPHERSON CHEMICAL LABORATORY, 140 W. 18th Ave.--This building was erected in 1924 and has had several additions. It was later named for William McPherson, who served as chairman of the chemistry department, dean of the Graduate School and acting president of the University. He died in 1951. McPherson Lab contains the Department of Chemistry.

MENDENHALL LABORATORY, 125 S. Oval Mall--This building was named in memory of the late Thomas C. Mendenhall who was the first professor of physics and mechanics at Ohio State University. He was the last surviving member of the original faculty at OSU. He died in 1924. The laboratory, completed in 1905, contains the departments of geology and mineralogy along with the Institute of Polar Studies.

MERSHON AUDITORIUM, 30 W. 15th Ave.--The 3,000-seat auditorium, completed in April of 1957, was named in honor of the late Col. Ralph D. Mershon, 1890 graduate of Ohio State and former president of the alumni association. When he died in 1952, Col. Mershon named his alma mater the principal beneficiary in his will. He helped introduce and incorporate the Reserve Officers' Training Corps concept into the National Defense Act of 1916. Mershon Auditorium contains the College of the Arts and the Visitor Information Center. A major addition was built in 1977-78.

MORRILL TOWER, 1900 Cannon Drive--This 24-story residence hall completed near Ohio Stadium in 1966 bears the name of Justin S. Morrill, the Vermont representative who played a leading role in congressional passage of the Land Grant College Bill, signed in 1862, which led to the establishment of Ohio State and many other colleges. It contains Ross House, named for Mylin H. Ross, emeritus dean of men from 1952-67

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MORRILL TOWER cont.--and Conway House, named for Christine Y. Conway, emeritus dean of women for 23 years.

MORRISON TOWER, 196 W. 11th Ave.--This graduate student dormitory was named in memory of Mary Franc Morrison, a native of Wheeling, W. Va., who was Ohio State's first woman graduate. She was a member of the University's second graduating class in 1879. The residence was completed in 1962.

NEIL HALL, 1634 Neil Ave.--Built by private interests, this former women's residence hall was named in honor of a well known Columbus family. First occupied in 1925, the building was later leased by Ohio State for use as a residence hall until its purchase in 1943. In 1973 it was remodeled into apartment units for graduate and professional students. It also contains the medical bookstore.

NEWTON HALL, 1585 Neil Ave.--The three-story School of Nursing building was completed in 1968. Mildred E. Newton, who died in 1972, was director of the nursing program from 1951 to 1968.

NORTH COMMONS, 157 Curl Drive--The residence hall dining facility was named in memory of the late William A. North, campus police officer and a familiar Ohio State figure for more than half a century. He died in 1962. The Facility, which was opened in January, 1966, serves students in the University's north dormitory complex.

NORTON HOUSE, 2114 Neil Ave.--This residence hall was named as a memorial to Fred W. Norton, Jr., of Marblehead, O., and Columbus, who was killed in action in France in 1918. The building was completed in 1963.

NOSKER HOUSE, 136 W. Woodruff Ave.--A residence hall, this building was named in honor of William C. Nosker of Columbus, a pilot killed in Italy in 1944. The building was completed in 1966.

ORTON HALL, 155 S. Oval Mall--Famed for its tower, the geology building was completed in 1893 and is listed in the National Registry of Historic Places. Orton Hall consists of 40 different kinds of stone, all native to Ohio. The building, which contains a library, and geology museum, honors Edward Orton, Sr., the University's first president from 1873 to 1881, who was a professor of geology. The chimes in the tower were contributed by members of eight graduating classes.

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OXLEY HALL, 1712 Neil Ave.--Erected in 1908, the former women's residence hall was named for Mrs. Agnes Miranda Oxley Thompson, mother of the University's fifth president, William Oxley Thompson. The building, formerly a residence hall, now contains the off-campus student center.

PAGE HALL, 1810 College Road--The building was named in honor of Henry Folsom Page, A Circleville, O., lawyer who was a presidential elector in 1864 and a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1873. Although not previously connected with the University, the Miami University graduate willed his entire estate to the University when he died in 1891. Page Hall, the ninth building on campus, was dedicated in 1903. It formerly housed the College of Law and now contains the Labor Education and Research Service and the Center for Business and Economic Research.

PARK HALL, 110 W. 11th Ave.--The residence hall, completed in 1957, honors the University's first dean of men, Joseph A. Park, who died in 1952 after 25 years as dean.

PARKS HALL, 500 W. 12th Ave.--The former Pharmacy Building was renamed Dr. Lloyd M. Parks Hall in April, 1977. It contains the College of Pharmacy. Parks was dean of the College of Pharmacy from 1956 until 1977 when he retired. He received one of pharmacy's highest awards, the Ebert Prize, for outstanding research in pharmaceutical chemistry.

PATERSON HALL, 191 W. 12th Ave.--First occupied in 1955, this residence hall was named in memory of the late Alma Wacker Paterson. She was a 1904 graduate of Ohio State and the first woman to serve on the University's Board of Trustees. She died in 1947.

PAVEY SHOP, 2334 Kenny Road--Purchased by the University in 1921, this brick facility bears the surname of the former owners, Charles W. and Emma Pavey. Known in the past as the farm shop and farm machinery shop, the building is assigned to the Department of Animal Science.

PLUMB HALL, 625 Stadium Drive--This building was named for Charles S. Plumb, who resigned in 1920 after 18 years as animal husbandry department chairman. The original building was completed in 1925. It contains the Department of Dairy Science.

(MORE)

Buildings - 12

POMERENE HALL, 1760 Neil Ave.--Construction of this building dates from 1922. Subsequent additions were made to complete original plans. The building was named in honor of Frank E. Pomerene, alumnus and a University trustee at the time of his death in 1919. It contains the School of Health, Physical Education and Recreation.

POMERENE ALUMNAE SCHOLARSHIP HOUSE, 201 E. 16th Ave.--Built in 1909 and purchased by the Alumni Association in 1945, the building was named for Mrs. Mary Pomerene of Coshocton, whose gift made the acquisition possible.

POSTLE HALL, 305 W. 12th Ave.--Formerly the Dentistry Building, Postle Hall was renamed Dr. Wendell D. Postle Hall in October, 1977. Postle was the dean of the College of Dentistry from 1939-64. It contains the College of Dentistry and the Dental Hygiene Clinic.

PRESSEY HALL, 1070 Carmack Road--This building was named in honor of Sidney L. Pressey, a former OSU faculty member from 1921-59. Pressey, who received an honorary Doctor of Law degree from OSU in 1960, invented the first teaching machine in 1920 and it is now in the Smithsonian Institution. Pressey Hall was formerly the West Campus Learning Resource Center.

RAMSEYER HALL, 29 W. Woodruff Ave.--This building, completed in 1932, was known as University School, the laboratory school for the College of Education, through 1967. The building houses offices and classrooms for the College of Education. The late John A. Ramseyer, Sr., was a University School director from 1948 to 1951.

RANEY COMMONS, 47 Curl Drive--This dining facility in the University's north dormitory complex honors the late 2nd Lt. Alice R. Raney of Eaton, O., an Ohio State graduate who died in 1944 while serving in the Army Nurse Corps during World War II. She is believed to be the first Ohio State alumna to lose her life in the service of the United States. The facility was opened in 1967.

RHODES HALL, 410 W. 10th Ave.--This 12-story addition to University Hospital is named after James H. Rhodes the 63rd governor of Ohio. Construction on the addition started in 1977. It includes new facilities for the emergency department, pharmacy department and nine new operating rooms.

(MORE)

RIGHTMIRE HALL, 1060 Carmack Road--This West Campus building opened in 1969. It is named in memory of George W. Rightmire, the University's sixth president (1926-38) and the first Ohio State graduate to serve his alma mater as president. It contains the Division of Resource Development.

ROBINSON LABORATORY, 206 W. 18th Ave.--Named for the late S. W. Robinson, professor emeritus of mechanical engineering, the building was completed in 1908 and extensively remodeled in 1961. It houses the Department of Mechanical Engineering.

ROYER STUDENT ACTIVITIES CENTER, 85 Curl Drive--Formerly a dining facility and now an activities center, the building was named in memory of the late Ray M. Royer, who served the university for 48 years. Ohio State's first purchasing agent, he died in 1957. The building was completed in 1963.

ST. JOHN ARENA, 410 W. Woodruff Ave.--The 13,897-seat arena was named in memory of the late Lynn W. St. John, athletic director at OSU from 1913 to 1947. He died in 1950. The first basketball game was played in the arena on Dec. 1, 1956. It houses the Department of Athletics.

SCOTT HALL, 1090 Carmack Road.--This West Campus building is named for William H. Scott, the third president of Ohio State who served from 1883 to 1895 and remained on campus for 15 more years as a philosophy professor. Scott Hall, completed in 1972, houses classrooms, a psychology laboratory, art studios, lecture halls, and offices.

SCOTT HOUSE, 146 W. Woodruff Ave.--This residence hall was named for Robert R. Scott of Massillon, O., who lost his life at Pearl Harbor. He was the first Ohio State man to receive the Congressional Medal of Honor, the nation's highest honor, awarded posthumously for heroism during the attack. The building was completed in 1963.

SIEBERT HALL, 184 W. 11th Ave.--The 11-story residence hall opened in 1957. It was named in memory of the late Annie Ware Sabine Siebert, wife of Dr. Wilbur H. Siebert, late professor emeritus of history in 1958. Mrs. Siebert received the first master of arts degree awarded by the University.

SISSON HALL, 1900 Coffey Road--First used in 1957, the veterinary medicine building was named for Dr. Septimus Sisson, professor of veterinary anatomy until shortly before his death in 1924. An addition was completed in 1958. It houses the Department of Veterinary Anatomy and the College of Veterinary Medicine.

SMITH HALL, 92 W. 11th Ave.--The residence hall bears the name of Howard Dwight Smith, University architect from 1929 until his retirement in 1956. Smith designed more than 30 campus buildings including Ohio Stadium. The building was completed in 1957. Professor Smith died in 1958.

SMITH LABORATORY, 174 W. 18th Ave.--Built in 1951, the Alpheus Smith Laboratory of Physics was named in honor of the late dean emeritus of the Graduate School, who died in 1968. He had served also as chairman of physics and astronomy and as president of the Ohio State University Research Foundation. It contains the departments of astronomy and physics.

STARLING LOVING HALL, 320 W. 10th Ave.--This building, first unit of which was completed in 1916, was named in 1923 in honor of Dr. Starling Loving, dean of the Starling Medical College, a forerunner of the present College of Medicine. The building, which served as University Hospital until 1951, now houses the Department of Preventive Medicine.

STEEB HALL, 70 W. 11th Ave.--The 11-story dormitory was named in 1958, in memory of Carl E. Steeb, long-time business manager of the University and secretary of its board of trustees from 1904 until his death in 1958. It was completed in 1960 and occupied in 1961.

ST STILLMAN HALL, 1947 College Road--Home of the School of Social Work, Stillman Hall was named for the late Charles C. Stillman, professor social administration and director of the school. The building was dedicated in 1937.



STRADLEY HALL, 138 W. 11th Ave.--This residence hall was completed in 1957. It honors Dr. Bland L. Stradley, dean of the College of Arts and Sciences from 1937 to 1944, when he was named vice president of student relations. He died in 1957.

SULLIVANT HALL, 1813 N. High St.--This building, built in 1912 as the Ohio Archeological Society Museum, was renamed in honor of Joseph Sullivant, a member of the University's first Board of Trustees. Sullivant Hall was acquired by Ohio State in 1970 and underwent extensive renovation in 1974. It now houses the Undergraduate Library, Music Library, Fine Arts Library, Department of Dance and a Zoology museum.

THOMPSON MEMORIAL LIBRARY, 1858 Neil Ave.--The library was renamed for the fifth president of the University, William Oxley Thompson (1899-1925) in 1951. The original building, which opened in 1913, was brought to its present form with the additions of the tower and two wings in 1951 and a west addition and renovation of existing facilities in 1976-77.

TAYLOR TOWER, 50 Curl Drive--A 12-story residence hall on the north dormitory complex, this building was named for the late Jacob B. Taylor, former vice president and treasurer of the University, who died in 1962. It was completed in 1966.

TOWNSHEND HALL, 1885 Neil Mall--Formerly an agricultural building, Townshend Hall was built in 1897. It was named in honor of Dr. Norton Strange Townshend, one of the founders of the University and its first professor of agriculture, who died in 1895. The seventh building erected on campus, it now contains the Department of Agronomy.

TULLER BARN, 5830 Sawmill Road--In 1970, the University purchased this barn and a shed, which were built in the early 1900's from Charles Tuller, a retired banker and farmer. The barn is used to store materials for the annual Farm Science Review.

UPHAM HALL, 473 W. 12th Ave.--The building completed in 1951 and enlarged in 1963, formerly was known as the Columbus Psychiatric Institute and Hospital. It was renamed in 1963 in memory of the late Dean John H. J. Upham of the College of Medicine, who died in 1960. The building originally was administered by the Ohio Department of Mental Hygiene and Correction but was transferred to the University in 1962.

(MORE)

VAN DE GRAEFF LABORATORY, 1302 Kinnear Road--The building, originally named OSU Research Center, was completed in 1959. It was named in honor of Robert J. Van de Graeff, inventor of the Van de Graeff accelerator, a tool used for basic research in nuclear physics. Additions were added in 1965 and 1968.

VIVIAN HALL, 2121 Fyffe Road--The agricultural laboratories building was named in memory of the late Dean Alfred Vivian who headed the College of Agriculture from 1915 to 1932. The building, which was completed in 1951, now contains the Department of Food Science and Nutrition.

WALKER HOUSE, 220-222 W. 11th Ave.--The University home management house was named for the late Mrs. Grace Graham Walker, who served as professor of home management in the School of Home Economics from 1913-31. The building was completed in 1931 and dedicated in honor of Mrs. Walker the following year.

WATTS HALL, 2041 N. College Road--This building was named in honor of the late Arthur S. Watts, professor and chairman of the ceramic engineering department for 31 years before his retirement in 1946. He died in 1963. Before remodeling, the structure, completed in 1956, had housed the Chemical Abstracts Service. It now contains the Department of Ceramic Engineering.

WILCE STUDENT HEALTH CENTER, 1875 Milikin Road--The University's student health facility was first used in 1969. It was named in honor of the late Dr. John W. Wilce, who died in 1963. He was a professor of clinical and preventive medicine and director of the University Health Service from 1943 until his retirement in 1958. Wilce was also head football coach from 1912 to 1928.

WISEMAN HALL, 400 W. 12th Ave.--The laboratory was renamed in 1963 in honor of the late Dr. Bruce K. Wiseman, former chairman of the medicine department, who died in 1960. The building, formerly known as the Health Center Research Laboratories, was completed in 1960. It houses the Department of Animal Laboratories.

#### CAMPUS STREET NAMES:

BOHANNAN ROAD--A two-block-long street running along the west side of the Administration Building and Brown Hall from N. Oval Drive to W. 16th Avenue, Bohannon Road was named for Professor Rosser D. Bohannon, who died in June, 1926. He served as professor and chairman of mathematics department for 40 years.

CANNON DRIVE--The north-south street west of Ohio Stadium and Linclon and Morrill Towers honors the late State Representative Reuben P. Cannon of Aurora, O. In 1870, he introduced into the Ohio House of Representatives the bill which created the Ohio Agricultural and Mechanical College later renamed the Ohio State University.

CARMACK ROAD--The main street through West Campus was named Carmack Road in 1968. The name serves as a memorial to the late Dr. Paul A. Carmack, associate professor in the Department of Speech who died in 1963. The road connects Kenny Road with W. Lane Avenue.

COFFEY ROAD--The agricultural campus street was named for Joel S. Coffey, professor of animal husbandry, who joined the faculty in 1914. He died in November, 1951. Coffey Road runs between Kinnear Road and Stadium Drive, west of the Olentangy River.

CURL DRIVE--This street in the University's north dormitory complex was named in memory of the late Lt. Col. James G. Curl of Columbus, much-decorated Army Air Corps fighter pilot who was shot down March, 1945.

FYFFE ROAD--Named in honor of David Fyffe, chief herdsman at Ohio State, the road joins Lane Ave. with Stadium Dr., running along the west side of the Agricultural Administration Building. Fyffe, who died in 1934, taught in the Department of Animal Husbandry for 28 years.

HAGERTY DRIVE--This street was named in honor of the late James E. Hagerty, first dean of what was once known as the College of Commerce and Journalism. The road runs west of College Road behind Hagerty Hall, Mendenhall Laboratory and Orton Hall.

MAGRUDER ROAD--Named in honor of the late W. T. Magruder, professor and chairman of the mechanical engineering department for 34 years until his death in 1935. It runs between 18th and 19th avenues and along the east side of Robinson Laboratory.

MILLIKIN ROAD--West of and parallel to Neil Avenue, this street is named in memory of Joseph Millikin, one of Ohio State's original seven faculty members. Millikin taught at the University until 1881, serving as chairman of English and modern languages.

SHERMAN ROAD--The block-long street was named for Professor C. E. Sherman, who died in 1940. It runs from 17th Avenue to 18th Avenue along the west side of Denny Hall. Sherman was a member of the Ohio State faculty for 43 years and chairman of the Department of Civil Engineering for 36 years.

UPHAM DRIVE--Named for the late John H. J. Upham, this street is located in the medical complex. It runs between Clinic Drive and W. 12th Avenue.

ATHLETIC FIELDS:

CAMPANELLA FIELD, Ohio Stadium--The artificial turf on the field in Ohio Stadium was presented to the University in 1971 by Louis Fischer, prominent Pennsylvania businessman, in memory of his teammate and long-time friend Joseph Campanella, who played on the OSU football team in 1950.

TRAUTMAN FIELDS--The baseball fields north of Lane Avenue and west of Olentangy River Road were named for George M. Trautman in 1966. Trautman, a 1914 graduate, was a former coach and assistant athletic director who served later as president of the National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues. He died in 1963.

BUILDINGS AND PROPERTIES OUTSIDE COLUMBUS INCLUDE:

*Worthmore  
Camp  
Forest*

BARNEBEY CENTER, Fairfield and Hocking Counties--The Barnebey Foundation presented 985 acres of this "land laboratory" for the School of Natural Resources to Ohio State in 1970, and in 1973 the University purchased 118 more acres of land adjacent to the site. It is a teaching and research facility for environmental studies. Originally a religious camp known as Camp Indianola, the center includes lodge-type buildings, dormitories, sleeping cabins and maintenance buildings.

BARNEY COTTAGE, Gibraltar Island, Lake Erie--Acquired by the University in 1925, this frame house bears the family name of Laura, the daughter of Civil War financier Jay Cooke, who used Gibraltar Island as a summer retreat. The wife of Charles D. Barney, she became owner of the island upon her father's death. The house was used as a residence for students participating in the summer aquatic biology program at Stone Laboratory on the island.

BROMFIELD HALL, Mansfield--This learning resources center, which contains a library, lecture-demonstration room and faculty offices, was named for Louis Bromfield. He was a Pulitzer Prize-winning author and a native of Richland County. The building was completed in April 1977.

COOK HALL, Lima--Named for Charles H. Cook, the building contains a gymnasium, library, learning resources center, law enforcement and nursing labs and a dental hygiene clinic. Cook served on the Lima Technical College Board of Trustees and was chairman of the board from 1972-74. He is a Lima resident. The building was opened in April 1977.

COOKE CASTLE, Gibraltar Island, Lake Erie--This residence, constructed in 1865, was used by Jay Cooke, the Civil War banker, and his family as a summer home. Julius Stone purchased Gibraltar Island and later gave it to the state for use in an aquatic biology program. The frame and masonry residence provided lodging for students working at the Stone Laboratory on the island.

EISENHOWER MEMORIAL CENTER, 1640 University Drive, Mansfield--The second building on the University's Mansfield campus was named in memory of the 34th president of the United States, Dwight D. Eisenhower. Completed in 1969, the center houses a library, cafeteria and conference area.

GALVIN HALL 4300 Campus Drive, Lima--Completed in 1967, this was the first building on the University's Lima campus. It is named for John Galvin, a Lima industrialist and founder of the former Ohio Steel Foundry Company, who provided funds toward the purchase of the original 560-acre site of the regional campus.

MOORES DEMONSTRATION FARM, Ashland County--A gift to the University in 1960 from Ms. Florence Ogden Wilson, of Oklahoma City, this 185-acre farm is named in memory of the donor's cousin, Ernest Q. Moores.

MORRILL HALL, Marion--Formerly the Marion Academic Center, the building was renamed the James Lewis Morrill Hall. The three-story building completed in 1968 contains an auditorium, a library and classrooms.

OVALWOOD HALL, 1680 University Drive, Mansfield--Completed in 1967, the first building on the University's Mansfield campus, at the suggestion of regional campus students, was given a name appropriate to its wooded setting near an oval-shaped drive. The academic facility houses administrative offices for both the regional campus and the North Central Technical College.

OVERLOOK FARM, Fairfield County--A gift to Ohio State in 1965 from the late Albert Bolenbaugh, this apple farm seems to take its name from its location on one of the highest spots in the state, overlooking the rolling hillsides of Bloomfield Township. Bolenbaugh was a 1907 pharmacy graduate of Ohio State. The farm has been increased to 119 acres through the purchase of land by the University. It is planted with all apple varieties native to Ohio, peach trees and a small vineyard. Its house contains three apartments.

STONE COTTAGE, Gibraltar Island--In 1927, University trustees gave Julius F. Stone, a Columbus industrialist, the right to build at his expense a cottage on Gibraltar Island in Western Lake Erie for his use and that of his family during his lifetime. Stone had given the island as the permanent location for the former Lake Laboratory of the University. He served Ohio State as a trustee from 1909 to 1937. Upon his death, the cottage came under control of the Board of Trustees.

STONE LABORATORY, Gibraltar Island--Completed in 1927, the Lake Erie aquatic biology laboratory is named for the father of Julius Stone, Franz Theodore Stone. Julius gave Gibraltar Island to the State of Ohio in 1925 for use by the University as a permanent site for a laboratory primarily for biological research and teaching.

2

# Buildings named for heroes

By Katy Delaney  
Lantern staff writer

Campus buildings are named for people who have contributed to the university in some significant way, be it through the donation of money, service or accomplishment.

Most are commemorative of faculty, staff, administrators or trustees.

But according to the University Archives' booklet, *Halls of Honor*, some are named after students.

For example, Morrison Tower was named after Mary Franc Morrison, the first woman to graduate from Ohio State.

Perhaps the most touching commemorative buildings are in the north campus area.

The nine low-rise dorms and Raney Commons were all named in honor of students who died while in military service during either of the world wars or the Korean War.

The proposal was made by Frederick Stecker of University Relations and was unanimously approved.

Robert R. Scott, for whom Scott House was named, was killed in the attack on Pearl Harbor while serving in the Navy. His last words were a testament to his loyalty.

As the water poured into his compartment he said, "This is my station and I'll stay here and give them air as long as the guns are going."

Scott was one of four OSU students who were killed during the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor. Blackburn, Halloran and Haverfield were named after the other three students.

Houck House is named in honor of two brothers who were killed during World War II, one on a bomber mission over Vienna, and the other in a naval plane crash over New York on his way to active duty.

Raney Commons was named after the first OSU woman student casualty in World War II, Alice Rebecca Raney, an army nurse.

A group who wishes to have a building named after someone must submit a proposal to the

University Communications and Development office, Leon Rubin said.

Rubin, assistant to the vice president at University Communications and Development, said this department acts as an intermediary between the nominators and the president's staff.

The proposal must state why that person deserves to have a building named after him or her and must show that the recommendation has support from other interested parties, he said.

Jean Hansford, a campus planner, said the department must then check with his office, Campus Planning and Development, so they can check their records to determine whether it's appropriate and feasible.

The proposal is then sent for approval to the President's Staff which includes President Edward H. Jennings, vice presidents, special assistants, and executive officers.

The Board of Trustees must also approve the proposal before a building can be named after someone.



# Names given to campus buildings evolve from donors, war veterans

By Kim Stock  
Lantern staff writer

New pet owners have to think of one, expecting parents rack their brains trying to choose the perfect one, and at OSU they have had to come up with more than 300 of them.

Selecting names is an ongoing and structured process. The names of campus buildings, which many students probably take for granted, have not been arbitrarily assigned.

In fact, it takes a major contribution to the university for a person to even be considered worthy of having a building named in their honor.

To one OSU alumnus, the names of various buildings are very significant. Thomas B. Smith, former associate vice president for the Department of Physical Facilities, had the opportunity to get to meet many of these notable individuals during his association with Ohio State.

"Dr. Alpheus Smith, (for whom Smith Laboratory is named) was a professor of mine when I was an undergraduate," Smith said.

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*In general, facilities may be named for any individual, but it is presumed that these individuals will have contributed in some significant way to the advancement of the university.*

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"And I knew Dick Larkins when he was director of athletics here. As a matter of fact, he was playing for Ohio State in the first football game I ever saw," Smith said, "and that was back in 1930."

In general, facilities may be named for any individual, but it is presumed that these individuals will have contributed in some significant way to the advancement of the university.

This contribution may be a financial one, but that is usually not the case. However, naming a building in honor of a university benefactor is considered if the donation totals two-thirds of the cost of the new facility.

The Office of University Communications and Development has set criteria for naming campus buildings. One guideline is that buildings are generally not named for living persons.

Another rule states that no facility should be named after any person who is an officer or employee of the university or the state of Ohio, unless they have been retired from that position for a minimum of three years.

"None of these guidelines are carved in stone," said campus planner Jean Hansford. "They are basically designed to give some structure to the naming process, but there are exceptions to all of them."

Several exceptions to the rule that buildings be named after those that have died include Conaway House, named for former Dean of Women Christine Y. Conaway; and the Fawcett Center for Tomorrow, named in honor of former OSU President Novice G.

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Fawcett.

Hansford said the initial proposals are given to the vice president for University Communications and include the biographical history of the person for whom the building is to be named.

If the idea is accepted, the name is checked by the Office of Campus Planning to ensure that no other building has the name or that the name would not cause confusion to students or visitors.

"We basically check these against other buildings on campus, but in some instances it goes outside the campus boundaries," Hansford said.

"If we received a \$20 million donation from a James T. Riverside to build a medical facility, we

would not consider naming it Riverside Hospital," he laughed.

There are some occurrences of duplicate names on campus, but Hansford said they were not thought to be a source of confusion.

"We have two Bakers, but one is Baker Systems Laboratory, and the other is Baker Hall — a dormitory. There is no confusion there because one is a dorm and one is an academic building."

Even after the planning office has cleared the name itself, it still must be approved by President Edward H. Jennings' staff and the Board of Trustees.

Although many campus buildings have been named in honor of past university presidents and college deans, there are 10 North Campus

dormitories that were named to commemorate OSU students who gave their lives while serving in the Armed Forces.

Barrett House was named after Thomas Barrett, the first OSU student to die in World War I, and Archer House was named in honor of the first student to die in action during the Korean War.

Other residence and dining halls named in memory of students who have fallen in battle are Blackburn House, Halloran House, Haverfield House, Houck House, Norton House, Nosker House, Raney Commons and Scott House.

Political figures have also been winning candidates in the naming process.

Lincoln Tower was named for

President Abraham Lincoln because he signed into law the Morrill Land Grant, a bill that has been long associated with Land Grant Colleges such as Ohio State.

Rhodes Hall, the major hospital on campus, was named after former Gov. James A. Rhodes.

"Naming the hospital after Rhodes is an exception to the guidelines, but the governor worked so hard to get the appropriation for such a sorely needed project, the board wanted to show its appreciation," Hansford said.

As for buildings such as the Neil-17th Building, referred to by an address or location rather than a name, Hansford said these are instances where there was a change in function of the building, and the

name no longer fit.

"The Neil-17th Building was formerly called the Veterinary Building, but that name had to be changed when we moved the facility west of the river."

Other buildings, known only by their address, are 220 W. 12th Ave., which was previously called The President's Home and 164 W. 19th Ave., which was The Graduate School before it was moved to University Hall.

The most recent approved building name is The Wexner Center for the Visual Arts. Surprisingly, the building was not named after Leslie Wexner, entrepreneur of The Limited and a major donator to the visual arts center, but in memory of his deceased father, Harry L. Wexner.



# NEWS

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**TRUSTEES RENAME BUILDINGS, ROAD, DEPARTMENT**

(LO)

-more-

In addition, the board renamed Campus Loop Road from Woody Hayes Drive to Cannon Drive as John H. Herrick Drive. Herrick, of 6600 Riverside, DUBLIN, is professor emeritus of educational policy and leadership and executive director emeritus of campus planning and space.

While executive director, Herrick guided the creation of the university's campus master plan in the 1960s, from which the basic idea for the campus loop road emerged, trustees said.

Since his retirement, Herrick has researched and written the history of campus buildings, a summary of campus planning and done other documentations which today are major resources for historians and university developers.



# NEWS

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9-7-90

(LO)

## STREET NAMED AFTER HILLIARD VETERINARIAN

Trustees voted to name the street north of the Veterinary Hospital after Vernon L. Tharp of Hilliard. The street is between John H. Herrick Drive and Coffey Road.

Tharp, of 7762 Roberts Road, is a member of the Ohio State Racing Commission.

He served 40 years at Ohio State, working variously as head of the ambulatory veterinary clinics, director of the Department of Veterinary Clinics, chairperson of the Department of Veterinary Medicine and associate dean of the College of Veterinary Medicine. Under his leadership, the Equine Research Group was developed and the Ohio State Racing Commission Laboratory was created.

He is a past president of the American Association of Bovine Practitioners, and the American and Ohio veterinary medical associations. The Ohio group named him Veterinarian of the Year in 1978.



## Campus Building Codes

Code	Building	Code	Building
AA	Agriculture Administration Building	LO	Lord Hall
AE	Agricultural Engineering Building	LT	Lincoln Tower
AM	Allied Medical Professions Building	LW	Law Building
AP	Arps Hall	MA	Mathematics Building
AS	Animal Science Building	MB	Maintenance Building
BA	Brown Hall Annex	ME	Meiling Hall
BG	Botany and Zoology Greenhouse	MG	McC Campbell Hall
BH	Bevis Hall	MH	Mack Hall
BI	Biological Sciences Building	ML	Mendenhall Laboratory
BK	Bricker Hall	MM	Mershon Auditorium
BL	Boyd Laboratory	MN	199 W. 10th Avenue
BO	Bolz Hall	MO	Mount Hall
BR	Brown Hall	MP	McPherson Chemical Laboratory
BZ	Botany and Zoology Building	MQ	MacQuigg Laboratory
CC	Central Classroom Building	MS	Means Hall
CH	Cockins Hall	MT	Morrill Tower
CL	Caldwell Laboratory	NC	Chemistry Building
CM	Campbell Hall	NE	Neil-17th Building
CS	Central Service Building	NH	Newton Hall
CU	Communications Laboratory	NH	North Commons
CV	Converse Hall	NR	Jesse Owens Recreation Center - North
CZ	Cunz Hall	OR	Orton Hall
DB	Derby Hall	OU	Ohio Union
DE	Denney Hall	OX	Oxley Hall
DH	Dulles Hall	PA	Page Hall
DK	Dakan Hall	PH	Postle Hall
DL	Dreese Laboratories	PK	Parks Hall
DN	Doan Hall	PL	Plumb Hall
DO	Dodd Hall	PO	Pomerene Hall
DR	Drake Union	PR	Pressey Hall
DV	Davis Medical Research Center	RA	Ramseyer Hall
EL	Evans Laboratory	RC	Research Center
EN	Enarson Hall	RD	Rhodes Hall (University Hospital)
FF	French Field House	RH	Rightmire Hall
FG	Foundry Glass Building	RL	Robinson Laboratory
FL	Fontana Laboratories	SC	Scott Hall
FR	Fry Hall	SE	Baker Systems
GB	General Biology Annex	SH	Stillman Hall
GL	Goss Laboratory	SI	Sisson Hall
GR	Graves Hall	SJ	St. John Arena
GS	164 W. 19th Avenue	SL	Starling-Loving Hall
HA	Hayes Hall	SM	Smith Laboratory
HC	Hopkins Hall	SN	Stores and Receiving Building
HG	Howlett Greenhouse	SR	Jesse Owens Recreation Center - South
HH	Hagerty Hall	ST	Ohio Stadium
HI	Hitchcock Hall	SU	Sullivan Hall
HK	Haskett Hall	TO	Townshend Hall
HM	Hamilton Hall	TT	Taylor Tower
HN	Kuhn Honors House	UH	University Hall
HT	Howlett Hall	UN	University Hospitals Clinic
HU	Hughes Hall	UP	Upham Hall
IH	Independence Hall	UV	Van de Graff Laboratory
IR	Ice Rink	VE	Veterinary Hospital
IV	Ives Hall	VH	Vivian Hall
JR	Journalism Building	WA	Watts Hall
KH	Kottman Hall	WE	Welding Engineering Laboratories
KL	Koffolt Laboratories	WG	Wiegel Hall
LH	Lazenby Hall	WI	Wiseman Hall
LI	Main Library	WO	Women's Field House
LK	Larkins Hall	WS	Wilce Student Health Center
		WT	Jesse Owens Recreation Center - West
			Please send additions/corrections to:
			Steve Rogers - Information Services Dept.





## BYLAWS

of the  
Board of Trustees of  
The Ohio State University

February 1992

### 3335-1-08 Miscellaneous.

(A) Budget.

- (1) The annual budget, as adopted by the board of trustees and as amended from time to time, shall govern all transactions involving the financial obligations of the university. The budget shall be comprised of classifications in accordance with the budget system adopted by the state of Ohio.
- (2) The president shall establish procedures for the disbursement and expenditure of all appropriated funds. These procedures may be amended from time to time but major changes shall have the prior approval of the board of trustees.

(B) Research endowment funds; income. Income from endowment funds specifically applicable to research shall, unless otherwise specified by the donor, be assigned and administered by the president of the university.

(C) Appearance before governmental offices, boards and agencies. Subject to specific control by the board of trustees, the preparation and presentation of requests for appropriations from the state of Ohio and all official dealings on behalf of the university with all federal, state and local government offices, boards and agencies shall be under the direction of the president of the university. Unauthorized appearances before federal, state or local government offices, boards and agencies are hereby prohibited.

(D) Drives and canvassing.

- (1) Canvassing or solicitation for funds, sales, or subscriptions are prohibited on the university campuses or in university buildings unless written permission therefor shall first have been granted by the office of the university registrar.
- (2) The sale of merchandise of any kind whatsoever or publications or services upon university property other than by the regularly authorized stores, restaurants, departments or divisions of the university, is likewise prohibited except upon written permission of the office of the university registrar.
- (3) Any persons violating paragraph (D) of this rule shall be subject, upon proper notice, to eviction from university property or arrest.

(E) Public use of university facilities. The use by the public of any university library, museum, laboratory, or any other university facility shall be governed by rules and regulations promulgated by the board of trustees.

(F) **Naming of university buildings.** University buildings and structures shall be named by the board of trustees following recommendations submitted by the president and the appropriate faculty or other group. Buildings and structures shall not be named for any person who is an officer or employee of the university or the state of Ohio, but may be named for a person who has been retired or has otherwise left such a position for a minimum of three years.

### 3335-1-09 Bylaws, rules and regulations; their promulgation, amendment and repeal.

(A) Statement of purpose. The foregoing bylaws are intended to provide a general framework for the functioning of the board of trustees as a governing body and for the organization, administration and operation of the Ohio state university. Detailed rules and regulations for the organization, administration and operation of the university may be



## What's in a name?

### OSU's buildings and their namesakes revealed

By Chip Midnight

Independent Staff Writer

Every day that you are on campus you see them: Denney Hall, St. John's Arena, Robinson Laboratory, etc. You may not stop to notice, but without a name, you'd have a difficult time finding your classes on the first day of the quarter.

Have you ever wondered who the campus buildings and dorms were named after? For instance, did you know that the Journalism Building was named, not in honor of a person, but in honor of a major. Jeez, can you believe it? But seriously, here are some interesting facts that I came across with the help of Bertha Ihnat at the University Archives, and the *Halls of Honor* booklet available at the Office of Residence and Dining Halls in Lincoln Tower (named after President Abraham Lincoln.)

- Strange fact: Did you know that Townshend Hall was named after Dr. Norton Strange Townshend. His daughters, Harriet and Alice, were the first women to enroll at Ohio State.

- All the North Campus dorms are named after Ohio State Students who lost their lives in World War I, World War II and the Korean Conflict.

- Justin Smith Morrill (Morrill Tower) was the author of the Morrill Land Grant Act of 1862 which provided that each state senator and representative in Congress would receive 30,000 acres which they could sell. The money made from the sale would be used to support at least one university.

- Despite the rumors, Norton House was not named after the popular *Honeymooners* character, Ed Norton. Norton House was named in memory of Fred W. Norton Jr. who lost his life in World War I after being wounded in an air battle. Norton, whose nickname was "Nortie," was a great OSU athlete.

- Stillman Williams Robinson (Robinson Laboratory) was one of the founders of the Society for the Promotion of Engineering Education. He helped the society secure over 40 patents, including one for automatic car brakes.

- The first woman to graduate from Ohio State (1879), Mary Franc Morrison has a residence hall named in her honor. Morrison was a member of the University's second graduating class.

- In 1924, Alma Wacker Patterson was appointed to the Board of Trustees thus becoming the first woman member. She served on the Board for 8 years. In 1954, the new women's dorm, Patterson Hall, was named in her honor.

- Edith Cockins (Cockins Hall) entered Ohio State as a prep student at the age of 15. Ten years later she enrolled as a regular full-time college student. Cockins was a member of the *Lantern* staff and the *Makio* staff.

NAMING REQUESTS PROCEDURES

RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS  
OF THE  
BOARD OF TRUSTEES  
OF  
THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY

COLUMBUS

July 1, 1995 to June 30, 1996

Volume I



November 3, 1995 meeting, Board of Trustees

**PROCEDURES FOR COMMEMORATIVE NAMING REQUESTS**

Resolution No. 96-45

Synopsis: Procedures for submitting and processing commemorative naming requests are presented for Board acceptance.

WHEREAS in accordance with University bylaw 3335-1-08 (F) University buildings and structures shall be named by the Board of Trustees following recommendations submitted by the President and the appropriate faculty or other group; and

WHEREAS it is desirable to specify the procedures and process by which naming requests are submitted for consideration; and

WHEREAS the commemorative naming procedures will be more systematic and inclusive of the views of the University community; and

WHEREAS the President's Executive Committee, the University Senate Steering Committee and the Council of Deans have reviewed and approved the attached naming requests procedures:

NOW THEREFORE

BE IT RESOLVED, That the procedures for submitting and processing commemorative naming requests as described in the attached document be approved and become effective November 3, 1995.

Upon motion of Mr. Colley, seconded by Mr. Brennan, the Board of Trustees adopted the foregoing resolution by unanimous voice vote.

(See Appendix XIII for procedures of Naming Requests, page 389.)

APPENDIX XIII  
NAMING REQUESTS  
(See page 353)



## Naming Requests

November 1995

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## Naming Procedures

### Introductory Note

The procedures described in this document were written in 1992 and are based on trustee by-law 3335-1-08. Modifications have been made on a number of occasions to accommodate emerging needs of the university. Future changes may likewise be required.

The procedures are designed to make the collection of information about potential namings more systematic than it had been and to increase input from additional segments of the university community in order to enhance the naming process.

These procedures have dealt primarily with the naming of buildings, roads, parks, plazas, additions, wings, rooms, laboratories, floors, open spaces, etc. More recently, they have also been used to effect the commemorative naming of academic/administrative units, i.e., the Max M. Fisher College of Business and the Austin E. Knowlton School of Architecture.

The naming procedures described in this document refer only to administrative or commemorative namings. Deliberations related to the academic structure of the university, such as the establishment, alteration, and abolition of educational units, are the prerogative of the university faculty or the senate and the trustees, as outlined in by-law 3335-1-05.

### General Information

The naming procedures at The Ohio State University are designed to accomplish one or both of two goals:

- (1) To identify facilities for administrative purposes (i.e., *Administrative namings*);
- (2) To acknowledge personal achievements of individuals or pay tribute to the intellectual, financial, volunteer, or other contributions made by individuals, companies, or organizations to the university (i.e., *Commemorative namings*).

The authority to name facilities at Ohio State rests with the board of trustees. University bylaw 3335-1-08 (F) states:

*University buildings and structures shall be named by the board of trustees following recommendations submitted by the president and the appropriate faculty or other group. Buildings and structures shall not be named for any person who is an officer or employee of the university or the state of Ohio, but may be named for a person who has been retired or has otherwise left such a position for a minimum of three years.*

It has become accepted practice that administrative name changes of facilities -- those not involving the name of a person or a company -- are routinely handled by the office of the vice president for business and administration without specific action by the board of trustees.

The university's operating manual (section 24E) provides that all requests for commemorative namings shall be administered by the office of the vice president for development.

## Procedures For Naming Requests

### *Administrative Naming Requests*

Administrative naming requests are those that do not involve the name of a person, a company, or an organization but which help define the changing use of a facility. An example is the change of a name from "The Water Resource Building" to the "General Biology Annex." Administrative naming requests may be submitted directly to the vice president for business and administration, who will work closely with the vice president for development to ensure that the university achieves maximum private-support benefit from naming opportunities, and take appropriate action to implement approved naming requests.

### *Commemorative Naming Requests*

Commemorative naming requests are those that involve the name of a person, a company, or an organization. These must be submitted to the vice president for development. The vice president for development will gather background information on the request and will engage in consultation with faculty as appropriate, and other members of the university community while remaining cognizant of the confidential nature of many naming requests. The vice president will evaluate the request to determine whether the request falls within naming guidelines. If it does not, the vice president will notify the requester. If it does, the vice president will submit the request to the executive committee for review and recommendation to the president. The president may forward the request to the board of trustees for action. The process will be followed for all facilities, including buildings, roads, parks, plazas, additions, wings, rooms, laboratories, open spaces, etc.

In those cases in which a facility involves multiple commemorative naming requests (such as in the case of a new building with donor-supported wings, floors, and/or rooms), the vice president for development may group them together and submit them for action as outlined above.

In some cases, the vice president for development may convene a meeting of the naming and complex gifts committee. This group includes the vice presidents for business and administration, finance, and legal affairs, the treasurer, the senior vice provost of academic affairs, an executive dean appointed by the provost, and the chairs of the board of trustees and the foundation board. The committee may provide guidance to the vice president for development, the president, and the trustees concerning specific naming opportunities and requests. The committee may decide that a proposed naming is not in the best interest of the university or does not satisfy naming guidelines, in which case the vice president for development will notify the requester that the proposed naming has been denied.

## Starting The Naming Process

### *Administrative:*

A letter outlining the reasons for the Administrative Naming Request to the vice president for business & administration is sufficient to initiate an Administrative Naming Request.

### *Commemorative:*

A letter to the vice president for development outlining the nature and merits of the naming request is sufficient to initiate a Commemorative Naming Request. The request must have the written support of the head of the academic or administrative unit from which the request originates.

A minimum of three months should be allowed for the processing of naming requests. Questions concerning Administrative Naming Requests may be directed to the vice president for business & administration (292-7970). Questions concerning Commemorative Naming Requests may be directed to the vice president for development (292-2970).

## Steps Involved In A Commemorative Naming Request

**Step 1:** A commemorative naming request is submitted to vice president for development who completes a "Naming Request Profile."

*NOTE: All Commemorative Naming Requests must have the approval of the head of the academic/administrative unit from which it originates.*

**Step 2:** Relevant information concerning the request is compiled by the vice president for development. This includes a history of the facility to be named and a description of the achievements of the proposed honoree.

*NOTE: This step will include a check with the office of campus planning to determine whether other facilities have been named for the person to be honored by the current naming request. Also, a check will be made with the board of trustees staff (and other appropriate offices) to determine whether the individual has received other honors. The architect's office will also be notified.*

**Step 3:** The vice president circulates the Naming Request Profile to the president's executive committee for comment and action.

**Step 4:** Upon approval by the president's executive committee, the president may take the request to the board of trustees.

**Step 5:** Upon trustee approval, the office of the president notifies the honoree and/or relatives and other interested parties. The vice president for development facilitates the release of public information.

## Guidelines

There are many factors that must be considered in the naming request process. Among those factors are the following:

- Facilities can be named for any individual, but it is presumed that such individuals will have contributed in some significant way to the advancement of the university.
- Facilities cannot be named for a person who is an officer or employee of the university or the state of Ohio, but may be named for a person who has been retired or has otherwise left such a position for a minimum of three years.
- In appropriate circumstances, naming requests should foster Ohio State's efforts to promote private support for the university.
- A building, room, wing, floor, etc., can be named for a donor who makes a significant contribution to the cost of the building, room, wing, floor, etc. A contribution of 50 percent of the cost or 50 percent of the private fund raising goal of the building, room, wing, floor, etc., is a suggested guide (so long as a private fund raising goal is a substantial portion of the cost).
- A donor's lifetime giving to Ohio State may be taken into consideration when considering a naming request.
- Donors will receive appropriate credit for funds donated in support of a building, wing, etc., or the facility's operating endowment.



## NAMING REQUEST PROFILE

Executive Committee Action Needed

[DATE]

*This naming request has been submitted for consideration by the university. Please review the explanatory information, answer the questions to the best of your knowledge, and fax the completed form to FAX: 292-4121. If you have any questions, please call 292-8646.*

**Present Name/Address:**

**Proposed Name:**

**Person Making This Request:**

<b>Question:</b> Did the honoree significantly enhance the university?	Yes	No
<b>Question:</b> Did this person have the respect of his/her peers?	Yes	No
<b>Question:</b> Would bestowing this recognition benefit Ohio State?	Yes	No
<b>Question:</b> Are there reasons this honor should not be given?	Yes	No
<b>Question:</b> Do you support this request?	Yes	No

**Comments:**

## BACKGROUND

# Road work near Schott lessens campus car clogs

By Kate Elliott  
Lantern staff writer

The development of a new parking lot and a widened road near the Schottenstein Center will not only help prevent event traffic from clogging campus streets, but will also provide additional parking for Ohio State students, according to university officials.

The project is taking place on Fred Taylor Drive, a road that runs alongside the Schottenstein Center and Bill Davis Stadium and extends from Lane Avenue to Ackerman Road.

According to the project Web site, Fred Taylor Drive will be widened from two to four lanes, a 2,000-space parking lot will be created and the Fred Taylor Drive intersections with both Lane Avenue and Ackerman Road will be reconfigured to facilitate traffic flow.

The lane expansion and parking lot will be completed just in time for the upcoming football season, accord-

ing to Kevin Wagner, senior engineer in the university engineers office. The intersections will not be completed until a later date.

Wagner explained that due to a large volume of traffic on Fred Taylor Drive during events, it became necessary to improve the turning lanes on both Lane Avenue and Ackerman Road.

"A left-turn lane will be added to Lane Avenue in the east-bound lane. The current grass median will be removed and turned into a left-turn lane. This will provide two left-turn lanes from east-bound Lane onto Fred Taylor," Wagner said.

He added that the left-turn lane on west-bound Lane Avenue will be extended to accommodate traffic turning left onto Fyffe Road/Fred Taylor Drive south-bound.

The lane expansion on Fred Taylor Drive will allow a lane for both left and right-hand turns onto Ackerman Road.

About the additional parking

space, Wagner said, "The lot's intent is to provide additional parking for football, Schottenstein events and general student parking."

Sarah Blouch, director of transportation and parking services, explains that there is a catch to students using the parking lot.

"When there is no event at the Schott, students with a C parking pass will be permitted to park in the lot," Blouch said.

Blouch did point out that there are not many daytime events at the Schottenstein Center that would prevent students from using the lot.

She added that students taking night classes will not have to fight event parking because it will be handled by the Fred Taylor Drive improvements, rather than it leaking into campus roadways and parking lots.

Blouch said the \$5.5 million project is being funded by the Schottenstein Center.



News Room (<https://news.osu.edu/>)  
614-292-5962

## Ohio State to rename 17th Avenue in honor of John and Annie Glenn

Street through heart of campus a reminder of Glenns' contributions

By: Chris Davey ([authors/chris-davey.html](https://news.osu.edu/authors/chris-davey.html))

Published on November 05, 2015



President Michael V. Drake, Annie Glenn, John Glenn, Board of Trustees Chair Jeffrey Wadsworth

COLUMBUS, Ohio – A street crossing through the heart of The Ohio State University's academic core will bear a new name in honor of former Ohio Sen. John Glenn and his wife, Annie, a longtime advocate for people with communication disorders.

The Advancement Committee of the university's Board of Trustees voted today to rename 17<sup>th</sup> Avenue to "Annie & John Glenn Avenue." The full board will vote on the resolution Friday.

John and Annie Glenn were present for the historic vote and received a standing ovation.

The renaming applies to the stretch of 17<sup>th</sup> Avenue between Tuttle Park Place to the west and College Road to the east. The university will install new signage on Friday afternoon.

"While this is a great honor, that's not what is most important," John Glenn told trustees Thursday. "Maybe some student will see the sign that's named after us and realize a lot of things come down the road. With





A rendering of the new street sign.

their experiences at Ohio State, they can make the most of those opportunities.”

The Glenns have strong connections to Ohio State. Most recently, trustees established the John Glenn College of Public Affairs in January 2015. The college began as the John Glenn School of Public Policy in 2006 when the John Glenn Institute for Public Service and Public Policy merged with the School of Public Policy and Management.

The institute was founded in 1999, when Glenn donated his papers and memorabilia to Ohio State. The materials document his career as a military aviator, NASA astronaut and businessman, as well as his service as a U.S. senator from 1975 to 1999.

Annie Glenn is an adjunct professor with Ohio State’s Speech Pathology Department. In 2009, the university awarded her an honorary Doctorate of Public Service to recognize her work on the behalf of children and others. The department awards the “Annie Glenn Leadership Award” annually to someone who has displayed innovative and inspirational work in speech/language pathology.

“There are few who better represent the intersection of service, learning and dedication to their community, their state and their country,” said Ohio State President Michael V. Drake. To the Glenns, Drake said, “Your love for each other and your passion for the country and our community is an inspiration, and everyone who walks, rides or drives through campus each day will be reminded of your remarkable contributions.”

### Related images



(assets/Glenns street sign.JPG)

President Michael V. Drake, Annie Glenn, John Glenn, Board of Trustees Chair Jeffrey Wadsworth - Download (assets/Glenns street sign.JPG)

### Contacts

Chris Davey

614-292-5962 | Email (<mailto:Davey.8@osu.edu>)

## Campus Streets: Updated as of 11/5/15

Bohannan Rd. (no longer exists) – a 2-block long street running along the west side of the Administration Building (now known as Bricker Hall) and Brown Hall (razed) from North Oval Dr. to W. 18<sup>th</sup> Ave, Bohannan Rd. was named for Professor Rosser D. Bohannan, who died June 1926. He came to Ohio State from the University of Virginia in 1887 and served as professor and chairman of the mathematics department for 40 years.

Borrer Drive – The former “Arena Drive” near the Jerome Schottenstein Center was renamed in honor of Donald A. Borrer, who with his family donated \$1 million to the Ohio State Department of Athletics to help support the construction and operation of the Jerome Schottenstein Center. The gift was part of Ohio State’s five-year, \$1 billion “Affirm Thy Friendship” fundraising campaign. He is a Columbus native and has two degrees from Ohio State. The Borrer Corporation in 1997 was changed to Dominion Homes. Borrer’s family has supported the university with gifts to the Department of Athletics and the College of Law.

Cannon Dr. – The north-south street west of Ohio Stadium and Lincoln & Morrill Towers honors the late state representative Reuben P. Cannon of Aurora OH. In 1870, he introduced into the Ohio House of Representatives the bill that created the Ohio Agricultural and Mechanical College, later renamed The Ohio State University.

Carmack Road – The main street on west campus is named for Paul A. Carmack, associate professor of the Department of Speech, from 1946 to 1963. Dr. Carmack was a leader in speech affairs and was among the first faculty members to travel to the university’s branch campuses to conduct classes.

Coffey Rd. – The west campus street was named for Joel S. Coffey, professor of animal husbandry, who joined the faculty in 1914. He died in November 1951. Coffey Rd. runs south from Woody Hayes Dr., paralleling the Olentangy River Rd. to its east.

Curl Dr. (no longer exists) – This street in the North Residential District was named in memory of the late Lt. Col. James G. Curl of Columbus (Class of 1940), much-decorated Army Air Corps fighter pilot, earning the Silver Star for his service, shot down March 19, 1945.

Fred Taylor Dr. – Frederick Rankin Taylor (Zanesville) was a men’s basketball coach from 1958 to 1976, having played baseball for the Washington Senators. He was the starting forward for the 1950 Big Ten conference championship basketball team and Ohio State’s first All-American baseball player. His number 27 is now retired. During his 18 years at Ohio State, the Buckeyes won the 1960 NCAA Championship, were finalists in 1961 and 1962, and claimed a third-place finish in 1968. He was enshrined in the Ohio State Hall of Fame, the Basketball Hall of Fame (1986), and the Ohio Basketball Hall of Fame as part of the Charter Class of 2006. The 1960 national title team included players John Havlicek, Jerry Lucas, and Bobby Knight.

Fyffe Rd. – Named in honor of David Fyffe, chief herdsman at Ohio State, the short road joins Lane Ave. with Stadium Dr., running along the west side of the Agricultural Administration Building. Fyffe, who died in January 1934, taught in the department of animal husbandry for 28 years.

Hagerty Dr. – This street was named in honor of the late James E. Hagerty, first dean of what was once known as the college of Commerce and Journalism. The road runs west of College Road behind Hagerty Hall, Mendenhall Laboratory, and Orton Hall.

Irving Schottenstein Dr. – Co-founder with cousin Melvin of M/I Schottenstein Homes in 1976, now known as M/I Homes.

Jack Nicklaus Dr. – Famed golfer and 1957-1961 Ohio State alum, with 73 PGA tour victories, 10 Champions Tour victories, and 21 holes-in-one. Designer of the Muirfield Village Golf Club, location of the annual Memorial Tournament. The 24,000 sq.ft. Jack Nicklaus Museum provides an immersive journey through his brilliant career.

John H. Herrick Dr. – from Woody Hayes Dr. to Cannon Dr.. Herrick of Dublin OH, was professor of educational policy and leadership and executive director of campus planning and space. He guided the creation of the university's master plan in the 1960s, from which the basic idea for the Campus Loop Road emerged. In retirement, he researched and wrote the history of campus buildings, a summary of campus planning, and other documents that today are major resources for historians and university developers.

Magruder Rd. – This road was named in memory of W.T. Magruder, professor and chairman of the mechanical engineering department for 34 years until his death in 1935. It runs between 18<sup>th</sup> & 19<sup>th</sup> Aves. and along the east side of Robinson Laboratory (no longer exists), now Scott Lab.

Millikin Road – Extending north of W. 17<sup>th</sup> Ave., Millikin Road honors Joseph Millikin of Hamilton OH. A member of the university's original faculty, Millikin was the first professor of English and modern languages and literature. He taught at Ohio State from 1873 to 1881.

Sherman Rd. (no longer exists) – The 2-block long street that was named for Professor C.E. Sherman, who died in May 1940. It ran from North Oval Dr. to 18<sup>th</sup> Ave., along the east side of the Administration Building and west side of Denny Hall. Professor Sherman was a member of the Ohio State faculty for 43 years and chairman of the department of civil engineering for 36.

Upham Drive – Named for the late John Howell Janeway Upham, this street located in the medical complex is the address of Harding Hospital. Upham was a professor at Ohio State from 1914-1941, serving as the Dean of the Ohio State College of Medicine from 1928-1941.

Vernon L. Tharp Street – Between John H. Herrick Drive & Coffey Rd. Tharp (Hilliard OH) was a member of the Ohio State Racing Commission, serving 40 years at Ohio State and working

variously as the head of the ambulatory veterinary clinics, director of the Department of Veterinary Clinics, chairperson of the Department of Veterinary Medicine. Under his leadership, the Equine Research Group was developed and the Ohio State Racing Commission Laboratory was created. Past president of the American Association of Bovine Practitioners and the American and Ohio veterinary medical associations. The Ohio group named him Veterinarian of the Year in 1978.

Woody Hayes Dr. – Named for Wayne Woodrow Hayes, Ohio State's football coach from 1951-1978, amassing Ohio State stats of 205-61-10, against an overall cumulative record of 238-72-10 during his career, including while at Denison University and at Miami University of Oxford OH. He led the Buckeyes to five national championships (1954, 1957, 1961, 1968, 1970) and 13 Big Ten Conference titles. He was inducted into the College Football Hall of Fame as a coach in 1983.